

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

VOL. XXXII, NO. 4.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1916.

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PRICE TWO CENTS.

EARLY MORNING TRAGEDY IN PHILADELPHIA

**J. C. Graveur of New York and Woman
Registered as His Wife Shot By Mrs.
J. C. LaDure, Who Commits Suicide**

(Special to The Herald)
Philadelphia, Sept. 27.—Great mys-
tery surrounds the killing of J. C.
Graveur, president of the Alhambra
garage of New York and the wound-
ing of a woman registered as his
wife at Hotel Walton here, at an
early hour this morning, by a woman
said to be Mrs. J. C. LaDure. The
tragedy occurred on the 9th floor
where 150 men and women were

sleeping at the time. Graveur was
shot in the head and died almost in-
stantly. Mrs. Graveur with a bullet
in her breast staggered out on the
stairs after the shooting. Mrs. La-
Dure after shooting the couple,
placed the revolver to her head and
fired a shot which entered her temple.
She fell dead beside the body of her
victim. The police say that jealousy
was the cause of the tragedy.

MORE TROOPS ORDERED TO THE BORDER

**New Detail Includes the First
New Hampshire Battery.**

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, Sept. 27.—The war de-
partment today ordered 10,000 addi-
tional "Coast Artillery, Infantry, Cav-
alry and engineers of the National
Guard from all parts of the United
States to the Mexican border imme-
diately. A similar number of the mil-
itia on the border will be relieved
from service on their arrival and sent
home. The militia ordered includes
the Eastern department field artillery,
including Battery A of New Hamp-
shire and the First battalion of
Georgia and Connecticut.

SOLDIER KILLED AT EL VALLE

**In a Saloon Fight With Car-
ranza's Men—Affair Being
Investigated.**

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, Sept. 27.—In the first
official report of the clash between
American soldiers and Carranzistas
in an El Valle saloon on September
22, General Pershing reports that one
American was killed and one slightly
injured. One of Carranza's officers
was killed and a soldier wounded. It
had been previously reported that the
missing American had been impris-
oned by the Carranza forces. General
Pershing has appointed a board of
officers to investigate the affair.

The state convention on Thursday
promises to attract a large crowd.

PORTSMOUTH GREETES THE STATE FIREMEN

**Chief William F. Woods, Head of the Association,
Presented With a Beautiful Loving Cup--Morn-
ing Session Devoted to Routine Business**

For the third time Portsmouth today
greeted the members of the New Hamp-
shire State Firemen's Association and
the several delegates from the depart-
ments throughout the state. This as-
sociation has honored this city two
consecutive years with the annual
gathering of men who fight the flames
and who are members of one of the
most active and influential organiza-
tions of the state.

The day was all that could be de-
sired for the nineteenth assembly of

the organization for selecting Portsmouth as
the city for the 18th and 19th con-
ventions. He assured the visitors a
hearty welcome from the citizens of
the old city by the sea and concluded
by congratulating President Woods for
his work in the state association, as
chief of the Portsmouth fire depart-
ment and presented him on behalf of
the state association with a large,
handsome silver loving cup. President
Woods thanked the convention in a few
well chosen words for the costly and
beautiful token.

Col. John H. Bartlett sent a letter
of regret for not being able to address
the convention owing to another en-
gagement at Concord. The substitute
speaker was State Forester E. E. Hirst,
of Concord, who addressed the con-
vention on forest and brush fire fight-
ing.

History of Association.
The New Hampshire State Firemen's
Association was organized in 1898 and
has by virtue of good management and
good works grown to become one of
the most important organizations of its
kind. The present membership is
about 2,700.

In the year following the birth of the
Association the Legislature passed an
act providing for the payment to the
Association of \$2,000 annually out of
the taxes received from foreign fire
insurance companies.

The Rules and Regulations provide
that all firemen known as "call men"
who may be injured in the performance
of their duty shall receive a benefit
at the rate of \$2.00 for each day they may
be incapacitated by reason of such in-
juries.

Permanent firemen who are injured
in the performance of their duty are
entitled to benefit from the Associa-
tion's fund at the rate of \$1 for each
day of actual disability, in addition to
receiving their regular pay.

If a fireman is killed while perform-
ing his duty the Association will pay
the sum of \$1200 to his widow or chil-
dren or to his parents, if they are de-
pendent upon him for support. If a
fireman so killed should leave neither
widow nor children nor dependent par-
ents \$100 will be allowed for funeral
expenses. If the fireman shall leave
the sum of \$1.50 per week is paid to the
child less than fifteen years of age
guardian in monthly payments until

the child reaches the age of fifteen
years.

In the event of a "substitute" fire-
man being injured or killed the same
benefits as are given regular firemen
are allowed by the Association.

Applications for relief or benefits
from the Association's fund must be
made to the secretary and are acted
upon by the president and executive
committee. In the event of any ques-
tion as to the justice of a claim for
relief the president may direct an in-
vestigation to be made.

The very commendable purposes of
the Association are well stated in the
preamble to the Constitution which



Silver Loving Cup Presented to Chief
William F. Woods

reads as follows: "In order to form a
more perfect organization, establish
harmony of action, insure prosperity
and success, provide pecuniary sup-
port, secure protection, and promote
the best interests of the firemen of
New Hampshire, and to compile statis-
tics of information concerning the
practical working of various systems
and the merits of various apparatus in
use for the extinguishing of fires; also
the cultivation of fraternal fellowship
between the several fire departments of
the state."

The membership of the Association is
made up of regularly organized fire
companies in active public service, and
boards of engineers of public fire de-
partments. Each fire company and

(Continued on Page Five.)

NEARLY 200,000 MEN ANSWER STRIKE CALL

**Labor Leaders Claim That This Number
Will Be Augmented 100,000 Daily
for the Next Three Days**

(Special to The Herald)
New York, Sept. 27.—Between 175,
000 and 200,000 men answered the call
today for a general strike in sym-
pathy with the traction employees, ac-
cording to the claims of labor men.
Of this number 143,000 are affiliated
with the United Hebrew Trade Union
and would probably stop work in any
event owing to the Jewish feast day.
Members of Local No. 56, Firemen's
Union voted to strike, but will not go
out until tomorrow.

Labor leaders have counted on 600,

000 men taking part in the great in-
dustrial tie up, but their plans have
been hindered by the opposition of
the more conservative.

Labor leaders were not discouraged
and Ernest Bohn, secretary of the
Central Labor Union predicted that
100,000 men will strike each morning
for the next three days.

Another outbreak of roof rioting
took place this morning, three cars of
the Elevated road being stoned, no
one however, was injured.

The strike of the milk wagon driv-
ers continued today.

PORTSMOUTH SUFFERS AN AIR RAID

**England's Naval Station Vis-
ited by German
Zeppelins.**

(Special to The Herald)
Berlin, via Sayville, Sept. 27.—The
British naval port of Portsmouth and
other places at the mouth of the
Thames river were raided by Zepp-
elins in the raid on Monday night,
according to a statement issued by
the German Admiralty today.

SPECTACULAR AIR DUELS ON THE SOMME

(Special to The Herald)
Paris, Sept. 27.—Spectacular duels
in the air in raids over the German
military works on the Somme front
in connection with Monday's battle
were reported here today. One French
aviator, Sub-Lieut. Ungesser, shot
down two German aeroplanes and a
captured balloon, making a total of 17.
A Fokker and a captured balloon were
destroyed according to the war office.

The Herald contains all of the for-
eign as well as local news.

ASK CARRANZA TO WITHDRAW HIS REQUEST

**For the Withdrawal of the
Pershing Expedition From
Mexican Soil.**

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, Sept. 27.—Imperative
pressure is being exercised to swing
General Carranza to withdraw his de-
mand that the Pershing expedition be
ordered back across the border. In
addition he has been given to under-
stand that his subordinate command-
ers must show greater activity in
checking the bandit movements at
many points. The government has
made it plain that unless this is done
they will strengthen the army until
instead of weaken it. The Mexican
situation continues very disquieting.
Although the state department is at
a sharp difference with General Bell
as to Villa being at Chihuahua City,
the military branch sustains the El
Paso commander.

BULGARIANS WIN A COMPLETE VICTORY

(Special to The Herald)
Berlin, via Sayville, Sept. 27.—Ten
days' battle in Western Macedonia
between the Bulgarians and the
Russo-Romanian forces has resulted
in a complete victory for the Bulgars,
according to reports that reached
here today from the Bulgarian war
office. The Allied forces have been
driven back along the whole front the
report states.

A Word in Confidence to You, My Dear

What corsets do you wear? Are they quite satisfactory?
Are you getting just the size and style you want, with real
flexibility and efficient control? Have you ever worn

WARNER CORSETS

We ask you all these things because, previous to our dis-
covery of Warner Corsets, we were so often perplexed to find
corsets that fully came up to our ideas of style, comfort and
health. "Warner" has indeed proved a blessing. Will you
not share in this happy discovery of ours?

Yes, WARNER CORSETS sell for \$1, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50,
and \$3 and one soon finds out that their fine fitting qualities
and long wear are truly an economy.

GEO. B. FRENCH CO.

PRESIDENT'S CANDIDATE IS DEFEATED

**James E. Martine Gets Demo-
cratic Nomination for Sen-
ator in New Jersey.**

(Special to The Herald)
New York, Sept. 27.—Early returns
from New Jersey show that James E.
Martine has decisively defeated At-
torney-General John W. Westcott,
President Wilson's candidate for U.
S. senator. The returns show that
Martine has a lead of 6,167. This de-
feat of the man who nominated Mr.
Wilson for President, and who had
the full support of the administration
is the outstanding feature of the New
Jersey primaries.

State Senator Walter E. Edge has
a safe majority over Col. Austin Col-
gate for the gubernatorial nomination.

NAVAL MEN WILL HOLD GRAND BALL

**In Aid of the Fund for the
Army and Navy Home for
Enlisted Men.**

The men on the ships at the navy
yard are to give a big ball at an early
date to raise a fund for the Army and
Navy Men's building. A preliminary
meeting was held this morning in the
commandant's office at the suggestion
of Captain W. L. Howard. A dele-
gation was sent from each vessel at the
yard and the men are enthusiastic
and they say that \$1000 or more will
be added to the building fund. The
date will shortly be announced and it
will be an event worthy of the cause.
Our citizens will gladly rally to the
support of the ball.

AMERICAN AVIATOR ESTABLISHES A RECORD

(Special to The Herald)
Paris, Sept. 27.—Norman Prince, the
American aviator, holds a new record
of bagging German flying machines on
the front. Last Monday he engaged
in two spectacular duels in Alsace with
two German machines, shooting down
both and shortly afterwards a German
observation car.

CATHOLIC HOME DESTROYED BY FIRE

(Special to The Herald)
Quebec, Sept. 27.—The Catholic
home in charge of Monsignor Guay
at Benoitville, was totally de-
stroyed by fire this morning. Some
lives are believed to have been lost as
there were more than 200 children as
well as elderly persons inmates of the
home.

New Fall Suits For Women and Misses in the latest New York Styles.

New Fall Coats For Women, Misses and Children in Cloth, Velvet, Plush and Velour, Velvet and Fur Trimmed.

New Dress Skirts New Wool Dress Skirts for Fall Wear, Poplins, Serges, Shepherd Checks and Plaids.

New Sweaters All Wool Sweaters, colors Old Rose, Purple, Copen- hagen and Corn. \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$7.50

Warm Blankets and Comforters FOR COLD NIGHTS.

Now is the time to be preparing for cold weather.
Buy now at the Same Low Prices.

L. E. STAPLES, MARKET ST

RED SOX HOME AND READY FOR YANKEES

HOW RED SOX CAN BE SURE OF 1916 PENNANT

If Chicago Wins all its Games Boston Can Lose Three Games.

To play	Final	Final
W L W L W L	W L W L W L	W L W L W L
Boston..... 4 3 91 63 .591		
Chicago..... 1 0 90 64 .554		
Detroit..... 2 0 88 66 .571		

If Chicago loses one game Boston can lose four.

Boston..... 3 4 90 61 .581		
Chicago..... 3 1 89 65 .578		
Detroit..... 2 1 87 67 .565		

If Chicago loses two games Boston can lose five.

Boston..... 2 5 89 65 .575		
Chicago..... 2 2 88 66 .571		
Detroit..... 1 2 86 68 .558		

If Chicago loses three games Boston can lose six.

Boston..... 1 6 88 65 .571		
Chicago..... 3 3 87 67 .565		
Detroit..... 0 3 85 69 .552		

If Chicago loses four games Boston can lose all its games.

Boston..... 0 7 87 67 .565		
Chicago..... 0 4 86 68 .558		
Detroit..... 0 3 85 69 .552		

There was no brass band or fireworks display for the World's Champion Red Sox when they stepped off the railcars at the Huntington-avenue Station, Boston, at noon Tuesday. Pres. Lannin and Manager Carrigan are against the hip-hip-hooray stuff, and that is why the fighting Sox eased into town without a demonstration.

They left Cleveland at 7:20 Monday evening and the homeward journey was uneventful.

The Red Sox party included Mrs. Richard U. Hoblitzel, Mrs. George Ruth and Mrs. Forest Cady, Matthew Galtner father of Del Galtner, Owen Lynch of Jamaica Plain, Pres. Lannin, Charley Green, Eddie Hiley, four newsboys and 21 players. The size of the party, which was augmented toward the end, made it necessary for a few of the boys to get up berries. Sam Jones was one of them; he does not like riding up stairs particularly well, but said, "Guess I am lucky to be in the league; why should I kick?"

The Red Sox are looking forward to the series with the Yankees opening today. There will be pick against either Shocker or Shawkey. In the opening game and Pres. Lannin is eager to have his team win. The New Yorks have won 10 out of 13 from the Red Sox and have fought them harder than any other club in the league. Pres. Lannin wants the Red Sox to clean them up and prevent them from winning anything in the first division. This series should be a big thing and large crowds should come out to make the homecoming of the Red Sox a red-letter event.

Pres. Lannin is extremely pleased. "I am very happy," he said before leaving the train. "I liked the way the boys came back, after being pushed into third place. It showed real gameness and pluck. They have been playing against great odds, but never flinched. The umpiring was very poor at times. The Red Sox getting all the worst of close decisions and often being handicapped when they got the short end of it when it was not even close. Every one of the boys played well."

"I must be some mascot myself. I joined the club in Chicago, and they won 8 out of 10. I saw the four games in New York, where they broke even, so I guess they did well while I was around."

"We will continue the fighting until the flag is clinched. We want to beat those Yankees, as we have some scores to settle with them. I must be somewhat superstitious, because I nursed along a few of those hunches on the road and they worked out."



In order to handle the increase in business I have MOVED TO LARGER QUARTERS.

Bring in your clothes for pressing and cleansing. Let me fix up your winter overcoat and make it look like a new one.

The Very Latest Styles.

PHILIP HALPIN,
THE UP-TO-DATE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
12 Ladd St.
Cor. Market St. Up Stairs.

GREAT BRITISH AND FRENCH LEADERS OF WAR IN CONFERENCE.



David Lloyd George.

Aristide Briand.

To these two men, David Lloyd George, minister of war in the British cabinet, and Aristide Briand, premier of France, the allies look for victory more than to any other pair in the war.

The photograph shows the last conference in Premier Briand's office in Paris. "When peace is declared," said Premier Briand on this occasion, "we shall have won a victory over ourselves as well as the Germans. No more divisions nor local tyrannies; no more hatred of church steeples. There will be only one France."

state without giving bonds. Some have are like a buzz saw, better he left alone. Kittery lobstermen will lose more than they will gain, as only three of the lobstermen from New Hampshire are fishing in Maine waters.

Miss Ruth Lawry is passing a month with John Langdon and family of Kittery.

Herbert E. Tobey has resumed his work at Fishbe Brothers' store after a week's vacation.

WITH THE SPORTS

(By Frank G. Menke)

That six-inch punch which Jonathan Kilbane carried upon the jaw of one George Chaney has made the Irishman a reigning favorite again and has restored him to the ranks of the big money-makers.

Just before the Chaney affair Kilbane was about as popular with the fight fans as the Giants used to be in the bygone days. He was referred to as a lemon picker, a staller, a piker champion, a grand dancer—and nothing more. In the era which immediately preceded that Cedar Point bout, Kilbane was having a hard time of it getting \$1,000 or so for his fights.

That was because the fans had become disgusted with his work and the promoters, as a natural consequence, wouldn't pay him any real money.

But now all is changed.

Kilbane fairly stunned the fighting world by knocking out Chaney. His supporters figured he might outpoint him, but had no idea he would score a knockout. They thought the Cleveland Irishman lacked the necessary wallop. But he crossed the folks when he crossed the short stop to Chaney's dome and now the promoters are battling among themselves in trying to hire him for their various clubs.

Kilbane has been offered a dozen different fights for the coming winter and each carried with it a big guarantee. The chances are that the champion will shake down the promoters for \$25,000 to \$35,000 during the next six months, providing he accepts all the bouts that have been pushed at him. Also he has a chance of snatching about 15,000 additional shekels if that recently linked of match with Freddie Welsh ever goes through.

Kilbane today is the outstanding man in his division. When he sent Mr. Chaney into the land of snooze, he disposed of his only formidable rival. Of course, there are a dozen other boys who think they have a good chance with the title holder and may get it before the snow flakes cease to fall over the nation. But Kilbane isn't in much danger of losing his crown until better foes than those of today rise up to give him battle.

And that is all the more reason why the fans are anxious for him to try conclusions with Welch. Kilbane partisans feel that their boy can beat Welch, despite the big weight handicap he must concede. They reason that Kilbane is the equal of Welch as a boxer, that he is even a better ring general and that he can hit as hard as Welch.

But could Kilbane spot Welch 13 to 15 pounds and have a fair chance for victory? Kilbane can make 125 and did make it for Chaney. He showed then that he fights better at 150 than he did around 125 and 128. Welch on the other hand, cannot do better than 135 and does his best work around 135. So if both men met at catch weights, it would mean Kilbane 125 and Welch 135—a huge difference for men of their size.

There isn't much doubt as to the drawing power of such a bout, although some folks would be skeptical as to the quality of the battle. Both men have stalled greatly in the past but it is unlikely that they would do so in such a scrap. Too much would be at stake. Both men would do their utmost to win. Kilbane wouldn't dare to loller with a master like Welch, especially in the face of the big handicap in weight which he was giving.

For carache, toothache, pains, burns, scalds, sore throat, try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, a splendid remedy for all the emergencies.

CARRANZA IS GETTING IMPATIENT

Plans to Demand Immediate
Withdrawal of Pershing's
Troops From Mexican
Soil.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Ambassador Designate Eliseo Arredondo left last night for Mexico City to confer with General Carranza on the increasingly serious situation that is developing in the joint conference at New London.

He received a summons from the First Chief Sunday and after explaining his mission to Secretary Lansing left via Laredo, Texas. He will arrive at the Mexican capital on Saturday and expects to return in about two weeks. Only two clerks of the embassy accompanied him.

Mr. Arredondo's departure came as a complete surprise to all but the highest in administration circles, where it has been known for several days that the affairs of the two governments were fast approaching a crisis.

He gave no details to Secretary Lansing, however, to indicate the probable action of the government. Administration officials have a fair idea, however, of what is in General Carranza's mind. They understand that his patience with the delays of the joint commission is near an end and that unless Mr. Arredondo advises strongly against it an ultimatum will be sent to Washington demanding immediate action on the withdrawal of the Pershing expedition, with dissolution of the commission as an alternative.

Until recently Carranza was willing to have Senor Cabrera and his colleagues take plenty of time to familiarize the American commissioners with the whole Mexican situation, including internal conditions.

It was felt at Mexico City that the publication of such information in this country would assist in preparing the public for the withdrawal of the troops.

But after three weeks of such information exchange, the first chief believes it is time to get down to real business, and he desires to remind the United States of the agreement to discuss and decide first the question of recalling Pershing.

The unwillingness of the American public to treat on this subject, together with the "sag rule" just imposed by Secretary Lane on the commissioners, has convinced Gen. Carranza. It is understood, that the U. S. is not acting in good faith and that the sole purpose of the administration is to postpone action until election time.

And while President Wilson, as he believes in forcing the American commissioners to play his political game, the Mexican public and press are attacking Carranza for permitting it. It is probable, therefore, informed officials say, that the negotiations will again be taken up diplomatically.

The administration desires to keep the commission in session until some definite accomplishment can be announced, but it may be necessary to resort to diplomacy to prevent Carranza from withdrawing his commissioners.

"VERY GOOD EDDIE."

Third Month of Wonderful Musical Comedy Success Begins Monday Evening Next, Oct. 2d.

Shows may come and shows may go, and quite a number of them are going bad this season; but "Very Good Eddie," which enters upon its seventh week at the Wilbur Theatre Monday, is still going good, and at present writing there is not the slightest sign of a frost in the region of that charming little playhouse. Big attractions and small do not affect in the least the attendance that has been the rule ever

since the opening of this latest of the Marbury-Comstock productions to appear in Boston.

When "Over Night" was given in Boston two seasons ago it made a great impression upon the theatre-goers of the city; but "Very Good Eddie," which is "Over Night" set to music, is the hit of the season here as it was and is in New York, where it is playing in the third theatre since its opening there nearly a year ago.

There are plenty of reasons, which have been given before why this state of affairs should exist. To repeat some of them, the play is clean, the music of a superior class is tuneful, the comedy is delightful and not forced, and the ladies of the company are charming. Loaded with these advantages it is no wonder that capacity houses still rule at the Wilbur and not a whisper is heard of a termination of the engagement.

"KATINKA."

Stays One More Week by Popular Demand, at the Shubert Theatre, Boston.

Only eight performances remain of that incomparable musical play "Katinka," beginning next Monday, Oct. 2, which concludes its Boston engagement at the Shubert theatre Saturday night, Oct. 7. Emphatically entertaining, as any book and lyrics of Hammerbach's are bound to be, richly tuneful, as are all the works of Kral, and complete and colorful as Hammerstein knows how to make any production, the piece is easily the foremost offering of its kind which Boston has so far had the opportunity to see. That the public appreciates this fact is attested by the uniformly large houses which have greeted all the performances. And the success of "Katinka" has been so emphatic that even the author's predecessors, "High Jinks" and "The Freds," must be reckoned as secondary triumphs. The story relates the marital vicissitudes of Thaddeus Hopper, an American, in foreign lands, and embraces sufficient plot to ensure a sustained interest in the narrative. The scenes are laid in a Russian villa, in Old Stambul, Turkey, and a cafe in Vienna, in the order named. This variety of locale has given the producer a splendid chance to display his artistic and versatility, of which he has taken due advantage. The settings are really wonderful. The contrast in the nationalities involved spelt another opportunity to the composer, whose score is fresh, original and sparkling. And with T. Roy Barnes to impersonate the "full-of-pep" American, the author has an ideal medium for the exploitation of his wit and repartee. Altogether, it is an "all-wood-and-a-yard-wide" regular "A" musical show that the Shubert is offering next week for the last times, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2:15 and evenings at 8:15.

THE BEST MAKES AND LATEST MODELS
A GOOD UP-TO-THE-MINUTE STOCK
TO SELECT FROM.

LET US SHOW YOU

Frank W. Knight

10 MARKET SQUARE.

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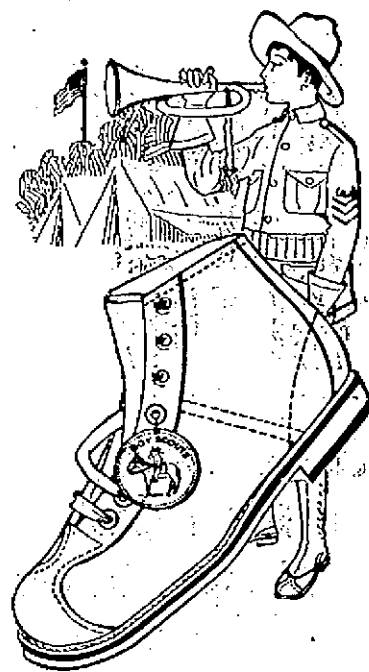
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THE EXCELSIOR SHOE CO.
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THE BEST MAKES AND LATEST MODELS
A GOOD UP-TO-THE-MINUTE STOCK
TO SELECT FROM.

LET US SHOW YOU

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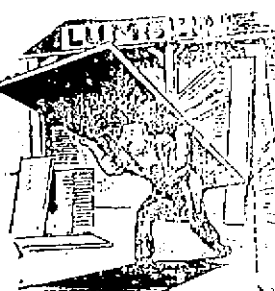
GUNS AMMUNITION

HUNTING COATS

ANIMAL TRAPS

FLASHLIGHTS AND BATTERIES

SPORTING GOODS



WE HANDLE LUMBER

Many carloads of it every year. Low prices, high grade stock, and good service keep us busy. Let us furnish your next order of

BUILDING MATERIALS

and be convinced that we have the goods. We want to add you to our long list of satisfied customers.

LITTLEFIELD LUMBER CO.,
63 Green St.

Plymouth Business School

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS

Evening School Begins Oct. 9, 1916.

OFFICE HOURS: 2:30 to 5 P. M.; Evenings, 7:30 to 8:30.

Three Building, Opp. P. O.

Telephone Connection.

C. E. WRIGHT,

Manager.

BOGUS ARMY OFFICER A HORSE THIEF SUSPECT

Owner of Prize Pacer [and Buggy at Milford Evidently Duped by Man Claiming to be Taking Observations

Milford, N. H., Sept. 26.—German spy? Horse thief? American army officer lost in the woods? These are the questions fretting the people of this town and especially Frank C. Boutelle, owner of a missing horse and buggy, and Police Chief J. J. Monteleone, who is trying to solve the mystery.

Friday night a stranger arrived at the Howison Hotel dressed in ordinary dark clothes and derby hat. Saturday morning he appeared in an imposing uniform with sword, announced that he was a lieutenant in the regular army on special duty and demanded the best driving horse and buggy in town with which to examine the country about Milford. He had a map case and said he was to make sketches of the topography and locate suitable camps and training fields for troops maneuvering. The best animal in the Boutelle stable, a bay horse, with a new light buggy, was furnished and the officer drove away. Since then he has not been heard from.

When asked to locate the stable outfit the police first examined the new leather suitcase left by the stranger in his hotel room. On a label pasted on the bag is the name Lieut. Harold E. Maitland, adjutant general's department, U. S. army, Washington, D. C. in the bag some soiled linen and some

printed matter of the Middlesex Realty Company, 14 School street, Boston, were the only articles besides some cards marked Maj. Frank H. Powell. The linen was marked with the initial "P." Evidently Powell lugs Maitland's bag, or Maitland lugs Powell's personal belongings, or some sly crook uses any name that is convenient and puts on an officer's uniform when it suits him.

All of which does not explain what has become of the horse and buggy or the citizen's clothes which the man wore when he arrived.

Monday afternoon the Milford police used the telephone to good advantage and found that the story of an officer looking over this ground was a fabrication. They also learned that a former and check-raiser named Frank H. Powell was recently paroled from the reformatory at Concord, Mass. His home was in Haverhill, and his description tallies with that of the man who drove away Saturday with the prize pacer from the Boutelle stable.

The misuse of the army uniform is especially distasteful to Police Chief Monteleone, who was himself a regular army officer during the campaign in the Philippines. He has sent notices and descriptions of the thief to all the police departments in this part of New England.

WAR OPENS ARCTIC DESPITE WINTER COLD

London, September 26.—The war is responsible for a number of interesting experiments in connection with the shipping of the Arctic. Following upon the example of Russia in keeping Archangel open for a much longer period than was formerly the case, Sweden has decided to make use of powerful icebreakers at its northern ports near which most of the saw-mills and a large number of iron and electro-chemical works are situated.

Hitherto, the traffic in winter time has gone via Norway, but it is hoped now to divert this through national channels. A new Norwegian company has just been formed to maintain a service between the east coast of England and the Kara Sea during the

open navigation season and shipments from the United Kingdom will consist mostly of machinery.

GERMANS PROTEST OVER ARMENIAN ATROCITIES

New York, Sept. 26.—The faculty of the German high school at Aleppo, Turkey, recently protested to the German government against the Armenian atrocities, stating that unless Germany acted to restrain the Turks, the outrages committed will always remain a terrible stain on the honor of Germany among the generations to come.

Through its censorship, the British government got possession of a copy of the protest found in a letter by Dr. Edward Graetner, one of the signers from Basle, Switzerland, to a prominent German theologian in a neutral country, and made it public news here.

The protest follows:
October 3, 1915.
"We humbly beg to report the following to the Foreign Office:

"We feel it our duty to call the attention of the foreign office to the fact that our school work, the formation of a basis of civilization and the teaching of respect to the natives will be henceforward impossible if the German government is not in a position to put an end to the brutalities inflicted here on the exiled wives and children of murdered Armenians.

"In face of the horrible scenes which take place daily near our school building before our very eyes our school work has sunk to a level which is an insult to all human sentiments. How can we masters possibly read the stories of Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs with our Armenian children. How can we bring ourselves to decline and congregate when in the yards opposite and next to our school building death is reaping a harvest among the starving companions of our pupils.

"Girls, boys and women, all practically naked lie on the ground breathing their last sighs amid the dying and among the coffins put out ready for them.

"Forty or fifty people reduced to skeletons are all that is left of the two thousand to three thousand healthy peasant women driven down here from Upper Armenia. The good looking ones are debilitated by the vice of their gauds, whilst the ugly ones are victimized by beatings, hunger and thirst. Even those lying on the water's edge are not allowed to drink. Europeans are prohibited from distributing bread among them. More than a hundred corpses are taken out daily.

"All this is taking place before the eyes of highly placed Turkish officials. Forty or fifty people reduced to skeletons are lying heaped up in a yard near our school. They are practically human and have forgotten how to eat. If one offers them bread they push it indifferently aside. They utter low groans and await death.

"It will always remain a terrible stain on Germany's honor and the generations to come.

"The more educated inhabitants of Aleppo maintain that the Germans do not really approve of these outrages. Perhaps the German people too are ignorant of these events. How would it be possible otherwise for the usually truth-loving German press to report the human treatment of Armenians accused of high treason? But it may be that the German government's hands are tied by reason of

THOUSANDS OF AUSTRIAN PRISONERS TAKEN BY ITALIANS IN CAPTURE OF GORIZA.



This photograph shows some of the many thousand Austrian prisoners taken by the Italians when they captured Gorizia. It perhaps shows a larger crowd of prisoners than have been photographed heretofore on any front of the war.

certain contracts. No—when it is a question of thousands of helpless women and children who are being driven to certain death by starvation the words 'opportunistic' and 'Kompetenzverfälschung' can no longer have any meaning. Every cultured human being is compelled to intervene, and it is a fact, his sacred duty to do so. Our esteem among the generations to come is at stake. The more refined of the Turks and Arabs shake their heads sorrowfully when they see brutal soldiers bringing convoys through the town of women far advanced in pregnancy, when they beat with cudgels, these poor wretches being hardly able to drag themselves along.

"We know that the foreign office has already received descriptions of the local condition of affairs from all sources. Since, however, this procedure of deportation has in no way been stopped, we feel it more than ever our duty to submit this report for your perusal.

"Above all, we realize to the full the danger with which German prestige is here threatened.

DIRECTOR HUBER
DR. NIEPAGE
DR. GRAETNER,
M. SPIELER.

"I am going to tell you more about the Armenian episode, Dr. Graetner says in his own letter, 'for this time the question was not one of traditional massacres, but of nothing more or less than the complete extermination of the Armenians in Turkey. This fact Talant Bey's Turkish officials cynically admitted with some embarrassment to the German consul. The government first made out that they only wanted to clear the war zone and to assign new dwellings to the emigrants.

"They began by enticing the most warlike of the mountaineers out of their rocky fastnesses. This they did with the help of the securities of the Turkish Empire, of the heads of their own churches, of the American missionaries, and of one German consul. Thereupon began expulsions from everywhere, even from districts to which the war will never be carried.

"How these were affected is shown from the fact that out of the 15,000 people driven out of Charput and Sivaz only 350 reached Aleppo, and only 11 out of the 300 from Erzurum. Once at Aleppo, the poorest of these were by no means at the end of their troubles. These that did not die here (the cemeteries are full) were driven by night to the Syrian Steppes, toward the Euphrates. Here a very small percentage drag out an existence, threatened by starvation.

"The Germans, with a number of invariable exceptions, witness these things quite undisturbed, holding out the following excuse:

"We just need the Turks, you see. An employee of the German cotton association and one on the Bagdad railroad were forbidden to help the Armenians. German officers have also raised a complaint against their consul for his sympathy with the Armenians.

The question is one of a Turkish internal affair, we must not mix ourselves up in it! This is what one constantly hears people say. Once it was a question however, of persuading the Armenians to yield, they did mix themselves up in it.

The Armenians of Urfa, seeing the fate which had befallen their compatriots from other districts refused to leave their city and offered resistance. Thereupon no less a person than Count Wolf von Wolfsehl ordered the town to be bombarded and after the surrender of 1,000 Armenians, men, he had not the power to prevent their being massacred again.

French in the Trench

Tommy (to Jack, on leave)—What about the lingo? Suppose you want to say "egg" over there, what do you say?

Jack—Ye jist say "Oof."

Tommy—But suppose you want two? Jack—Ye say "Two oofs," and the ally auld fule wife gies ye three, and ye jist gie her back one. Man, it's an awful easy language.—Glasgow Herald

COMBLES CONSIDERED KEY TO SUCCESSFUL ALLIED DRIVE

London, Sept. 26.—Combles, key-point of the whole German battle line from Bapaume to Peronne, has been captured by the British after 18 hours of most furious battling north of the Somme.

Gen. Haig this afternoon announced that British troops entered Combles, overcoming German resistance. The enemy's losses, the official report said, were severe.

The British victory, achieved after three weeks of desperate driving against the German center, is the most striking single achievement of the whole Somme offensive. It removes one of the last two obstacles to an Anglo-French thrust to squeeze the Germans out of Peronne, one of the two objectives of the allied advance.

The capture of Combles followed a day and night of allied successes, including the capture of the villages of Morval and Les Boeufs by the British, and Rancourt and Fregicourt by the French.

In summing up the day's operations Gen. Haig reported that 1500 Germans were captured by the British and that more prisoners are being brought in. The work of lifting large supplies of war material also captured has not been completed.

Combles fell after thrusts by both British and French in yesterday's fighting drew a nose about the German position which made their escape almost impossible. For weeks the Germans had used the town with its fortifications as a pivot point from which to swing attacks north and south at the allies' lines. In the last month of fighting the British and French lines pressed steadily forward on both sides until the town was in a deep pocket. It was no longer available for the Germans as a pivot point but it still held out, buttressing the German line and blocking a further allied advance.

The British not only gained this important victory, but pressed forward in their drive toward Bapaume last night and early today. A strong re-entrant between Les Boeufs and Guedescomb fell, before a British attack.

The French also swept forward again last night, carrying Fregicourt village and later repulsing German attacks against positions won yesterday. French Capture Village of Fregicourt

Paris, Sept. 26.—French troops captured the village of Fregicourt, a little more than a mile east-northeast of Combles, last night.

The war office also announced today that French advance guards penetrated the Combles cemetery, while others reached the southern edge of Combles. Southwest of Combles a German trench was captured.

The capture of Fregicourt was accomplished with scarcely any loss in the great battle that began yesterday, when British and French advanced simultaneously on a 12-mile front. French detachments had reported the outskirts of Fregicourt entered, while other forces were occupying Rancourt and driving the Germans from positions further south. A storming attack last night swept the Germans out of Fregicourt. In the fighting southwest of Combles a German company was captured.

Southeast of Combles, the French spent last night consolidating positions won in yesterday's attack. German attacks between the Bethune road and the Somme were repulsed and 300 prisoners taken.

Do You Throw Your Money Away?

If you do not, save it by bringing your old clothes to us to be renewed and repaired. We can many times give you an extra year's wear out of a suit you consider hopeless. Our cleaning department is as near perfection as scientific knowledge and modern equipment can make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty of turning out work at two days' notice.

SUSSMAN'S DYE HOUSE
129 Penhallow St. Tel. 103.

The Teutons made a violent attack on the northeastern front of Verdun at 9 o'clock last night, on the section between Thiaumont and Fleury. The assault was stopped short by French curtain fire the Germans losing heavily.

In 47 air duels on the Somme front yesterday also German flyers were brought down.

French Guns Repulse Powerful Bulgarian Attack

Paris, Sept. 26.—Bulgarian forces launched a powerful attack against the French near Ardenois, on the right bank of the Isera east of Florin, but were checked by French screen fire. It was officially announced today.

The Bulgarians fled in disorder after sustaining tremendous losses. West of Florin French and Russian troops captured 54 machine guns in violent fighting.

The artillery duel on the Struma, Vardar and Serbian fronts continues, with French artillery vigorously bombarding Bulgarian positions.

Claim Russians Beaten Back

Berlin, by wire to Sayville, Sept. 26.—Russian troops yesterday made six successive attacks in strong force against the Austro-German positions near Mandow, in Galicia, says today's German official statement, but the attacks failed under the heaviest losses for the Russians.

SCORES OF ART WORKERS NOW LABOR FOR FRANCE

Paris, Sept. 26.—The arts are now the handmaids of war. For the first time in its history since the days of Madame Pompadour, when the factory was started, though not in its present building, the famous porcelain works of Sevres have undertaken war work. The Sevres museum of porcelain is still there, and the most valuable pieces which have been sent away to a safer place in the south at the time when the Hun invasion seemed to threaten Paris, have all been brought back.

No men of military age, of course, are left in the factory. It was stirring and a little tragic to watch the others, artists, designers, foremen, workmen, every one of them an artist in his way and in his sphere, but now thinking solely of what Sevres can do to defend France. Every one of them, from original artists to skilled artisans, now thinks only of fashioning and baking huge pots in which are treated acids essential to the making of high explosives. New huge furnaces have been altered, and it is the pride of the management that furnaces where only wood could formerly be used were at a moment's notice changed so that coal can be burnt to produce a quicker output.

These furnaces which burned out delicate porcelain, now produce huge crucibles in which little acid is condensed. Sevres has made these industrial engines of war with all its old conscientiousness and traditions of a century and a half and the texture of the earthenware of which these giant retorts are made is beautifully pleasant to the touch.

Some of the immense war jars are also agreeable to the eye, and tinted a very pleasant pink.

In after years the war earthenware of Sevres may quite likely fetch fancy prices among collectors. Sevres has proudly stamped each piece with a newly invented war mark—the drawing of a 76-gun wreathed in laurel, and with the Sevres trade mark.

WESTINGHOUSE TO BUILD HOMES FOR 600 EMPLOYEES

Pittsburgh, Sept. 26.—Westinghouse interests will begin work soon on the erection of 600 homes for workers that will transform the Ardmore community into a model industrial town. The houses will be of four, five and six rooms and rented, the company announced today, so reasonably that every Westinghouse worker with a family will be able to have a pleasant home, all streets being parked and shade trees planted.

URGES EVERYONE TO QUICKLY GET ON WATER WAGON

Drink glass of hot water before breakfast to wash out poisons.

To see the tinge of healthy bloom in your face, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, to wake up without a headache, backache, coated tongue or a nasty breath, in fact to feel your best, day in and day out, just try inside-bathing every morning for one week.

Before breakfast each day, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of Ewinton's phosphate in it as a harmless means of washing from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the blood and internal organs. Those who are subject to constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, rheumatic twinges, also those whose skin is sallow and complexion pallid, are assured that one week of inside-bathing will have them both looking and feeling better in every way.

FIND GIRLS SLOW BARBERS WHEN SHAVING MEN

London, Sept. 26.—When explaining before a military tribunal why he needed men in his business, a Welsh barber said he had tried to employ girls but they took half an hour to shave a gentleman.

The Military Idea

"The bride couldn't cut the wedding cake with her husband's sword, as is customary in army circles. Cake was too hard."

"What did they do?"

"They managed to carry out the military idea. Blew it up with a shell."

—Answers.

Ever Ready Flash Lights

Sterno Stoves and Canned Heat
Brushes for Dust Pan and Toilet
Floor Brushes and Brooms
E. C. Matthews Hardware and Paint Co
Opposite Post Office. 41 Pleasant St.

IMPORTANT

Two important things to consider in buying your fall suit is QUALITY AND PRICE.

We have the quality at a little less price than the other fellow has.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS, \$25 and up.

WOOD THE TAILOR

MAINE G. O. P. SPENT \$42,090 FOR CAMPAIGN

FIGURES FILED YESTERDAY OF EXPENSES FOR ELECTION OF REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES

Augusta, Me., Sept. 26.—The Republican state committee received contributions of \$53,317 including \$37,500 from the national committee, and had expenditures of \$12,050 in the state election campaign, according to the report filed today by George W. Norton of Portland, treasurer of the committee. The surplus will be used to settle unpaid bills.

Col. Frederick Hale and former Gov. Herbert M. Fernald, who were elected to the United States Senate, contributed \$2500 and \$500, respectively. The successful candidates for Congress in the first three districts gave \$1000 each. The Woman's Hughes' Alliance of Bar Harbor sent \$655 in four installments.

The committee paid Halbert P. Gardner, formerly the Maine member of the Progressive national committee, \$2000 for "campaign organization work," according to the statement.

Col. Hale's statement showed that he expended \$5150. Besides his contribution to the state committee he gave \$100 to each of the 16 county committees and sent various sums to some 30 cities and towns.

BALL PLAYER COLLIDES WITH A BIG FISH.

West Bend, Wis., Sept. 26.—Jake Cullman, a semi-professional ball player, is also a fisherman, and thereby hangs a tale. Cullman took a fishing trip to Cedar Lake, but did not have much luck. Before leaving for home Cullman decided to take a dip and while diving near the old mill collided with a big pickerel. The fish, stunned by the blow, rose to the surface and was captured by Cullman.

Cullman was nearly stunned by the shock of the collision with the fish, but recovered in time to make a captive of the pickerel.

The truthfulness of this story is vouched for by Sullivan who displayed the fish in a store window here.

SHOW LIFE SAVING DEVICES TO BOARD

The board of life saving appliances of the United States coast guard, appointed by the secretary of the treasury, is in session in Boston this week. Daily meetings will be held at the federal building. Several life-saving devices have been presented for the examination of the board, and others are expected before the sessions are completed.

The board consists of Sumner I. Kimball, general superintendent, chairman; B. F. Stratton, director of the bureau of standards; Col. David A. Ely, E. E. Chapman, district superintendent; J. G. Walton, constructor; W. J. Wheeler, first lieutenant and George W. Bowley, district superintendent, recorder.

H. W. NICKERSON

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Portsmouth, N. H.
Telephone at Office and Residence.

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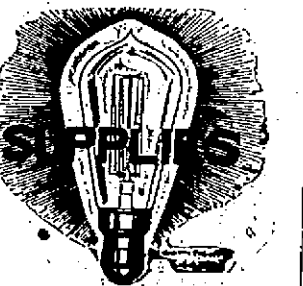
you must do something more than use cosmetics. You must keep the blood pure, the liver and kidneys active and the bowels regular. You must also correct the digestive ills that cause muddy skin and dull eyes.

Beecham's Pills

offer you the needed help. They are mild in action, but quickly strengthen the stomach, gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. They put the body in good condition so the organs work as nature intended. Backed by sixty years of usefulness, Beecham's Pills

are worth considering

Direct—Special Value to Women with every box.
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.



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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES: 28 | Business: 37

Editorial: 28 | Business: 37

Portsmouth, N. H., Wednesday, September 27, 1916.

Lax Prison Methods.

Men who believe that business should be business in state

prison management as well as in other affairs will note with

satisfaction the step taken by the New York superintendent of

state prisons in issuing an order to the wardens to the effect

that greater restrictions must be placed on the inmates. Due

to the lack of sufficient care in the guarding of prisoners there

have been altogether too many escapes from New York prisons

in the last few months. The total since March 1 is 35. Of

this number sixteen escaped from one prison and ten from an

other. This is a bad record. It shows loose methods or great

laxness, or both, and it is high time that steps should be taken

to correct the condition. The superintendent makes it plain

that there is to be no brutality or undue severity in prison man-

agement, but says emphatically that discipline must obtain for

the good of the prison department.

This is a just and sensible stand. No one wants prisoners

abused or mistreated in any way, but society has a right to

demand that when a person has been convicted of crime and

imprisoned he should be kept where he belongs until he is

legally released. Large sums of money are expended in de-

tecting and convicting criminals, and of this there is no com-

plaint. But when the work has been done the tax payers have

a right to protest against methods so slack as to admit of so

many escapes as there have been in New York state since last

March. One of the escaped men was a murderer who got

away from Sing Sing six weeks ago, and who was picked up in

Massachusetts last week and returned. He said that since his

escape he had been as far west as Arizona. He finally ven-

tured to return to the town where his family is living and was

nabbed by an officer who knew him, and knew that the Sing

Sing authorities were scouring the country for him.

There have always been occasional escapes from prison and

there probably always will be, but there is something radically

wrong when such escapes become comparatively common. The

"good fellow" business may have its place in prison man-

agement, but it ought not to be carried to the extent of per-

mitting prisoners to decide whether they will depart or remain.

To say nothing of the needless costs incurred by these es-

capes, they must necessarily have a demoralizing effect upon

the other prisoners. It is time to put up the bars, and to put

them up so they will stay. For the good of convicts and the

good of the public escapes from prisons should be of rare oc-

currence, and steps to make them so cannot be taken too soon

or too firmly.

This is the time of year when complaint comes from subur-

ban homes that Sunday automobile parties are lugging off fruit

and vegetables by the quantity, stopping their machines by the

roadside and helping themselves to anything they see and

happen to want. There is an opportunity here for a little

needed "education," and where other means fail the shotgun

might perhaps be properly resorted to, within reasonable

limits.

The foreign war has done wonders toward stimulating the

disposition to "see America first," and millions have been

spent in the country this year by travelers who under ordinary

conditions would have scattered their wealth in Europe. Nev-

ertheless, there will be a great deal of European travel when

the cruel war is over. They will all have to see the battle

fields, you know.

There are some advantages in membership in minor politi-

cal parties. For instance, Mr. Benson, presidential candidate

of the socialist party, can criticize both Hughes and Wilson to

his heart's content, realizing all the time that whatever he may

say will not endanger his own chance of election.

A brave young American aviator serving in the French

corps was recently killed after having made a record that

brought to him special honors. But war is no respecter of

persons, whether the field of conflict be on the ground, under

the sea or in the air.

The price of bread is becoming troublesome in many quar-

ters, and in some places the bakers are trying to remedy their

troubles by cutting the weight of the loaves. In most states this

is a serious offense and some other solution will have to be

evolved.

The secretary of a New England state board of agriculture

predicts that fresh eggs will soon be selling at 75 cents a doz-

en. This sounds rather startling, but how much dearer eating

would eggs be at that price than other kinds of meat?

They are now talking about a deadlock between the Amer-

ican and Mexican commissioners. That is just what there has

been between the two countries for some time.

For President
CHARLES E. HUGHES
of New York.

For Vice-President
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
of Indiana.

For Governor
HENRY W. KEYES
of Massachusetts.

For Congressmen,
First District
CYRUS A. SULLOWAY
of Manchester.
Second District
EDWARD H. WASON
of Nashua.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

A Passing Reminder

(From the Chicago Tribune)

The possibility that Villa may attack

Pershing's troops in Mexico again calls

to mind the inferior equipment with

which the Americans will have to fight

and that nothing practical is being

done to improve it.

The American mountain guns, for

instance, are of a vintage fifteen years

old. Modern mountain guns are as well

standardized as automobiles, or watch-

es, but the Government does not pro-

vide them for American soldiers. Our

heavy artillery weapons can shoot only

about half as far as guns of similar

calibre used all over the world. They

could not last an hour in combat with

a modern foe.

With the exception of a few British

weapons purchased for the militia, our

machine guns are all of old type and

have none of the improvements devel-

oped by this war.

Although combat with Mexicans is

usually in heavily built cities, our in-

fantry is without hand grenades.

The superiority of our regular troops

and officers over the Mexicans is suf-

ficient to overcome any defect in equip-

ment, but the failure to furnish our

men with the best weapons possible in-

stead to result in the loss of many

lives which might be saved, just as the

lives of Captain Lloyd and his troops

were lost because the American troops

were not as well equipped as the Mex-

icans.

But the Administration is indifferent

to all this and is doing nothing prac-

tical to improve the situation, nor will

anything be done to protect the lives of

American soldiers, regular or volunteer,

as long as Woodrow Wilson is Pres-

ident of the United States.

Repeal the Mann Act!

(From the New York Times)

Hon. James Robert Mann has just

been re-elected to his eleventh term

as a representative in Congress. He

will be the Speaker of the Sixty-Fifth

Congress. If it is Republican. The

country-wide extinction practiced un-

der the act which bears and does not

honor his name, the exposure of its

sinister working in his own city, ought

to be enough to persuade him, if he

needed new evidence, that the Mann

act should be repealed. The several

states can take care of the morals of

their citizens, and Congress must be

sick of a Federal moral supervision

that puts away into the pockets of

blackmailers. The Mann law should be

wiped off the statute books at the next

session.

Taft At His Very Best

(From the Philadelphia Public Ledger)

Ex-President Taft's analysis of the

diplomatic relations maintained by the

Wilson Administration is by far the

most formidable and impressive brief

that has thus far been filed in the pend-

ing case of the people of the United

States vs. Woodrow Wilson and the

Democratic party. He has utilized the

pages of the Yale Review for an illu-

minating and exhaustive examination of

the policies of the national Administra-

tion, and his conclusions are given

crushing weight by the reserve and dig-

nity with which they are delivered. He

speaks with all the authority and pres-

tige that belong to his position as one

of the two living ex-Presidents; he at-

least never forgets for a moment the

reference that tradition has imposed

upon an ex-President in criticism of

his successor, but he does not hesitate

to tell the truth as he sees it, however

serious the indictment which the mere

iteration of the truth may involve.

Marketing Conditions

(From the Rochester Herald)

In various regions where the grow-

ing of potatoes is a leading industry,

there have been unexpected develop-

ments in the crop. Digging the tubers

has disclosed a heavier yield than was

expected. Potatoes are the mainstay

of the poor, and when they reach the

price of \$2 and \$2.50 a bushel—a high-

er price than wheat—there may well

be concern manifested over the win-

ter's prospects. We need an entire re-

vision of marketing practices. That

will be a difficult matter, for it is never

easy to put an end to a system which

enriches men at little or no labor.

"Here," says the Indianapolis News,

"is the way the family in Indianapolis

gets its potatoes: The farmer harvests

his crop. Following expensive, but cus-

tomary lines, he contracts with the

district shippers, who agree to take his

crop and save him the bother of mar-

keting it. The shipper or distributor

sends word to the brokers in the big

cities—among them Indianapolis—and

the brokers buy some of the crop. The

brokers bring the potatoes to the city

CURRENT OPINION

The Socialist peace program seeks to bring about an arrangement which will be likely to guarantee perpetual international peace in the future regardless of the faults of the past. To bring about such a peace the Socialists are trying to eliminate all factors which have been the most fertile sources of war among nations.

Their opposition to annexations of territory and to indemnities is thus accounted for.

So also are the special opinions agreed upon at the recent Hague conference—the independence of Poland and the establishment of a free federation of Balkan states, a federation on the Balkan peninsula similar to the United States of America. The dismemberment of Poland and the various conflicts between separate states on that peninsula as well as the punishment of France after the war of 1870 have been among the causes of permanent friction in Europe.

Further points in the international Socialist peace program are reduction of armament, establishment of an international court of justice and, above all, the abolition of secret diplomacy, of the hidden agreements made by the few committing millions of people to the doing of things they know nothing about, committing them to slay one another when they would be friends.

All of these things aim at the removal of all causes of future wars.—By Morris Hillquit, Noted Socialist.

and communicate with the jobbers, who in turn do business with the corner grocer. Then the grocer retails potatoes at 50 cents to 60 cents a peck. Such a system of food distribution necessarily adds to the cost to the consumer.

We see here that four interests stand between grower and consumer, and each must have a profit on the product. If a remedy can be found for this condition, the high cost of living will have been solved, but somebody will have to go to work.

Cruelty to Candidates

(From the Springfield Republican)

The directors of the Indiana campaign caused a bit on Mr. Hughes today and by the use of a spray and leeches Dr. Alexander, the nominee's physician, managed to keep his voice going. The physician followed Mr. Hughes everywhere with the syringe in a little package under his arm and when ever there was a sign of serious trouble he applied the spray.—Indianapolis dispatch.

A presidential candidate in America is handled by his managers like a prize fighter in the ring, even to the application of leeches between rounds. This sort of campaigning has been carried to an extreme for which the word absurd is not adequate. It is almost criminal to subject to such a physical strain a man of sedentary habit of life, past fifty years of age, who may soon be saddled with the tremendous responsibilities and burdens of the presidency.

Mr. Hughes Diplomatic

(From the Manchester Mirror)

In his campaign speeches Gov. Hughes has dwelt with emphasis upon the prospect of the greatest commercial rivalry the world has ever known, following the end of the war. He has pointed out that the war has served to develop a degree of industrial organization and efficiency heretofore unknown among European nations. He has portrayed conditions when the probably 30,000,000 men now either actually engaged in fighting or devoting their entire energies to producing munitions for the armies shall return to their industrial pursuits. It is a keen perception of these conditions and the imperative necessity for finding employment for these great armies after the war which has prompted the diplomatic negotiations looking to the pre-emption of the world's trade by the allied powers, in order that peace may not be accompanied by an era of unemployment almost as disastrous as the war itself. In order that foreign markets for the trade of belligerents may be instantly commanded and that, without undue delay, the gold which has been sent abroad to pay for munition and military supplies may be regained. With the prospect of having, as chief executive, to represent the interests of this country in the diplomatic negotiations which will attend the abrogation of existing commercial treaties and the substitution of new ones therefor, Mr. Hughes has definitely felt it would not be diplomatic to dwell at too great length on the trade program of the allied powers. To do so might militate against his subsequent efforts to procure for the United States as favorable terms as possible. But the employment by the allied powers of a system of tariff duties to achieve their far-reaching purpose necessarily precludes any feeling of resentment on their part if the United States utilizes the same instrumentality to protect its domestic industries and promote its foreign trade. In the light of European developments, it requires no prophetic eye to foresee the disadvantage at which American industries will be placed when compelled to compete with these protected and sustained by the European governments, or to realize how essential it is to continued prosperity in this country that American industry enjoy the protection of a government which is wholeheartedly devoted to their welfare and promotion.

Why Protection is Needed

(From the Manufacturers Record)

Europe has adjusted itself to a large extent to the small pay of the soldier and to the hardships endured by their

Socialist Peace Program Eliminates Indemnities and Land Annexations.

The Socialist peace program seeks to bring about an arrangement which will be likely to guarantee perpetual international peace in the future regardless of the faults of the past. To bring about such a peace the Socialists are trying to eliminate all factors which have been the most fertile sources of war among nations.

Their opposition to annexations of territory and to indemnities is thus accounted for.

So also are the special opinions agreed upon at the recent Hague conference—the independence of Poland and the establishment of a free federation of Balkan states, a federation on the Balkan peninsula similar to the United States of America. The dismemberment of Poland and the various conflicts between separate states on that peninsula as well as the punishment of France after the war of 1870 have been among the causes of permanent friction in Europe.

Further points in the international Socialist peace program are reduction of armament, establishment of an international court of justice and, above all, the abolition of secret diplomacy, of the hidden agreements made by the few committing millions of people to the doing of things they know nothing about, committing them to slay one another when they would be friends.

All of these things aim at the removal of all causes of future wars.—By Morris Hillquit, Noted Socialist.

families. It has constructed thousands of munition plants which, when the war is over, can ever night be turned into the production of the things which enter into the world's commerce. Men will be eager for employment and eager to grasp at any pay rather than remain in idleness.

The first struggle in Europe will be to get cash. Its factories, aided by their governments, can the better afford to sell products abroad at cost, or even less than cost, made with cheap and efficient machinery, in order to get ready money, and of necessity this policy will prevail.

Against such conditions the United States will need protection as much as it needs preparedness. There has never been a time in the history of this country when a protective tariff will be so badly needed. It will be the aim of Europe's great enterprises and great governments, working in combination between governments and manufacturers, to flood this country with cheap goods and if possible to break down our industrial interests, especially the newer industries which have been brought into existence by war conditions.

It may be said that this will be a selfish policy on the part of Europe. No one expects anything else than selfishness from Europe in its effort to rebuild its fortunes, recoup its losses and regain its trade. We will be short-sighted, indeed, if we do not at the present time realize this situation and prepare to meet it by adequate protection. It matters not what a man may have thought about a protective tariff in times past, he is justified in being in favor of it at present. There are millions of people in this country who two years ago were bitterly opposed to preparedness who now believe preparedness is essential to our national safety. President Wilson, members of Congress, newspapermen who were vigorously opposing preparedness then, are now with equal vigor demanding preparedness.

World conditions have justified them in this change. World conditions have compelled them, against their wishes and against their former views, to take a stand for national preparedness for a great navy and a fairly large army.

World conditions are equally as significant in commerce and trade. If our people will only see the situation, if they do not see it now, they will be literally compelled to see it when the war is over. We can realize now, as we could not have done two years ago, how utterly helpless we would have been if at any time during the last few years this country had been attacked by any great foreign power or combination of powers. We can realize how blind we were as we walked in contentment with imaginary safety, living in a fool's paradise. Fortunately, we have been saved thus far from being attacked by any foreign power, but when the war is over we will be attacked by the combined manufacturing powers of Europe, backed by their governments, against our industrial and commercial interests.

The time for preparedness against this is now, and the only preparedness that will meet this condition is a protective tariff.

NAVY YARD NOTES

Naval Orders

Will L. P. Treadwell, training station Great Lakes, Ill., to naval war college, Newport; Ensign K. E. Hinch, to temporary duty the Milwaukee; P. A. Surgeon D. H. Noble, to naval hospital, Philadelphia. Following assistant surgeons of M. H. P. commissaries: J. C. Brantley, A. J. Cech, E. W. Jacobs, P. E. Prioreau and P. T. Dever. Chief Machinist J. J. Cotter, the Vestal to the New Jersey; W. M. Miller, the New Jersey, to Fore River Ship Building Co.; Machinist L. Nell, Fore River Shipbuilding Company, October 15 to the Vestal; Pay Clerk W. T. Brown, the Rhode Island, to Portsmouth, N. H. yard.

Vessel Movements

Arrived: At Hampton Roads, Annapolis, Mon-

aghan, South and Sterrett; at Southern drill grounds, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Hesser, Kansas, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Nicholson, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Vermont and Wyoming; Castine at San Domingo, Jacob Jones at Norfolk, Gloucester at Brooklyn, Nantux at San Diego, Preble and Stewart at San Pedro, Held at Pine Point, Supply at Guam, Sylph at New London. Sailed:

The Baltimore and Dubuque from Hampton Roads for Fort Lafayette; Conyngham, Cummings, Porter, Whistler, from Hampton Roads for Newport; Glacier from Corinto for San Francisco; Nevada from Hampton Roads for New York; Potomac from Port au Prince for Peligro; Proteus from Norfolk for Lambert's Point; Saturn from Tiburon for San Diego; St. Louis from Hilo for Honolulu; Wheeling from Puerto, Mexico for Curacao.

The Illinois has been designated to relieve the Nebraska in Mexican waters and will sail from Philadelphia to relieve that vessel about October 1.

First Game of Season

Tommy Pilgrim and his All Star football team will go after the marine football team in the first game of the season on Sunday at the navy yard. The local team has not indulged in much practice while the marines have been working hard every day at the yard. However, Captain Toni says he is going over for the scalps of the navy police and intends to win.

HOMES For Sale

from \$1000 up. Small payment in cash, balance monthly.

TOBEY'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
48 Congress St.
Granite State Building.
Telephone 138.

ARTILLERYMEN BREAK CAMP AT MASSABESIC

Tour of Duty of C. A. C. Has
Been the Most Profitable
Yet Held.

The tour of duty of the four companies of the New Hampshire Coast Artillery Corps the last week of which has been spent in camp at the state rifle range at Massabesic, came to an end Wednesday noon when the companies broke camp and entrained at Manchester for their respective homes.

The number of men in camp at Massabesic has been approximately 200 with 16 officers. They left this city last Wednesday, camped on the farm of their commander, Major C. B. Hoyt at Greenland Wednesday night and at a point just outside of Epping the next night. They were to camp in Candia Friday night but kept up their hike to Massabesic and established a record for a day's marching by men under heavy marching order by making the last 24 miles in eight hours. Considering that for most of the way each man carried a kit weighing seventy pounds the traveling was considered a pretty good day's work. There was however, unusually few cases of exhaustion and in Company 2, not a man fell behind or out of line for the entire distance.

The entire march covered a stretch of about fifty miles and was made, the men claim, in one day less than it was ever done by regulars under similar conditions.

During their stay each company has been given a chance at the rifle range which has resulted in the making of some very satisfactory scores.

THE HIPPODROME'S RECORD PAGE.

All is happiness at the big Hippodrome where Charles Dillingham's mammoth spectacle "The Big Show" is playing to crowded houses twice daily. Even the remarkable attendance records of last season's enjoyable "Hip-Hip-Hooray" are being exceeded—a result which was considered unobtainable. This week when the 50th performance of "The Big Show" is celebrated over two hundred thousand people will have seen this remarkable production which is designed to meet every taste. Aside from its exquisite ballet featuring the incomparable Pavlova, there is ice skating by Charlotte and the other international stars; a Japanese feature with Haru Onuki; a little vaudeville, circus and extravaganza; a touch of minstrelsy on the most colossal scale; elephants, Tolo and Hippodrome sensations too numerous to mention. All for a very low price of admission with matinees daily.

PORTSMOUTH GREETSTHE STATE FIREMEN

(Continued from Page One)

each board of engineers is entitled to one delegate in the convention. The annual dues are 50 cents per capita of each company and board of engineers.

Frank M. Friselle of Manchester was elected secretary at the Association first meeting which was held in Manchester, Aug. 17, 1898, and continued in that office until he retired from the fire department, Sept. 27, 1901. His successor was George L. Osgood of Concord and Mr. Osgood was re-elected each year following until 1914 when he resigned and the office was filled by Oscar P. Stone of Manchester. John D. Randall of Portsmouth was elected treasurer in 1898 and re-elected each year following until 1914, when John H. Kilbride of Nashua was chosen.

The remainder of the morning session was taken up with reports of committees, secretary and treasurer. At 11:30 the delegates repaired to U. S. hall for lunch and resumed the convention at 1:30 for the election of officers.

Among the delegates present were the following:

Albany—Chief W. W. Sloan and W. D. Clark.
Ashland—George F. Plummer, Capt. C. H. Fabner, Fred Dowling.
Barnstead—E. B. Kelley, E. B. Drake.
Berlin—Chief E. J. Sheridan, Walter Hazard.
Boscawen—Capt. William Morrill, Herbert Ford.
Bristol—Capt. H. Jewell.
Charlestown—Assistant D. B. Stearns and H. H. Ward.
Claremont—Deputy D. E. Camp, F. W. Parnell, Irving Southard, A. E. Towne, Charles Perry.
Concord—Asst. Elbridge Emery, Langlois H. Jr., James H. Sanders, Elmer B. Jones, C. E. Robinson, Oscar A. Johnson, Capt. E. E. Sabbe, Albert W. Thompson, Louis Cole, Martin Wakefield.
Couttscook—W. A. Ledy, John C. Burnham.
Derry—Chief Willis F. Chase, Louis Davis, Fred E. Wood.
Dover—Chief James Smith, Terrance O'Neil, W. H. Hersey, William E. Casey, Capt. C. W. Welch.
Enfield—Lawrence Halloran, H. E. Wallbridge.
Exeter—Chief G. H. Carter, Capt. Howard Pitman, H. S. Tuttle, Capt. W. J. Bruce, W. S. Day, Capt. William McLean.
Franklin—Assistant J. Hunteon, Harry Lord, Charles R. Dodge, Alfred Joyal.
Goffstown—Assistant E. C. Morse, A. H. Neal, Lieut. G. A. Laville, George A. Hayford.
Henniker—Chief J. A. Marshall, S. P. Jones.
Hillsboro—Chief W. E. Morrison, P. A. Sanborn, Kirk Kern.
Hinsdale—Chief F. A. Buckley, Jas. Sprague, Charles Thayer, David Bell, Richard Howe, William Tracey, Oliver Houle.
Hollis—Assistant M. J. Powers, G. D. Ladd, H. E. Hardy.
Hudson—Chief A. Sanders, DeWitt C. Chase.
Keene—Chief Louis A. Nims, Deputy Harry N. Aldrich, Capt. E. H. Applein, Capt. J. H. Stimpson, Capt. S. C. Symonds.
Lebanon—Chief Avery Brown, Fred E. Smith, H. M. Bishop.
Littleton—Assistant M. G. West, W. A. George.
Manchester—Chief T. W. Lane, Enuch P. Cutter, Stephen Thomas, Capt. John J. Haley, Clarence M. Kemp, Capt. M. Maynard, Capt. J. J. Collins, Capt. Albert M. Tison, Lieut. Thomas P. Hurnup, W. P. Hall, Thomas M. Hickey, C. D. Palmer, Angus McDonald, James S. Long, Lieut. W. J. Arnold, Capt. G. A. Connor.
Meredith—Chief J. H. Morrison, Capt. E. E. Nichols, A. M. Williams, Ernest Hoydon.
Milford—Chief Leon C. Hall, Carl W. Talbot, E. A. Dutton, C. G. Puckett.
Nashua—Deputy J. E. Smith, D. Chase, S. O. Elkins, Capt. W. E. Whitney, Lieut. Larocque, P. Betters, A. Theobald, W. E. Clark.

BOSTON LAWYER AND WIFE LOST IN WOODS.



Most of Boston, including Mayor Curley, has taken a deep interest in the strange case of Joseph A. Dennison, prominent Boston lawyer, and Mrs. Dennison, who were lost for four days in the northern foothills of the White Mountains. Having gone out to walk in the woods from their hotel they were lost and rewards of \$1,500 were offered for them before they were found exhausted.

A sightseeing trip planned for this year was a harbor trip and a visit to the Portsmouth navy yard; but this may be changed.

Although the parade will not be held until Thursday, the second day of the convention, many of the buildings along the route of march are already decorated with flags and bunting and the decorators in the city have a number of other business houses and residences to complete before they are finished.

After the meeting in the morning the afternoon will be given over to the sightseeing trips and in the evening the annual concert and ball will be held in Freeman's Hall. The affair will be complimentary to the delegates to the convention and conducted under the auspices of the Portsmouth department. The floor is to be in charge of Chief Woods, assisted by Clerk Charles H. Kehoe, with the following officiating as aids: Assistant Engineer Perley D. Hersey, Capt. Nathan F. Ames, Capt. George Miles, Lieut. John Downs, Clerk Willard M. Gray, Clerk Thomas A. Moran, Clerk Robert R. Palfrey, Josiah M. Varrell, George Cogswell. Thursday the annual parade will be held, followed by the clam bake at the playgrounds.

SOCIAL WORKERS

Will Try to Form Permanent
Organization at Manchester.

Tomorrow night at the Y. M. C. A. in Manchester there will be a meeting of all paid social workers of Southern New Hampshire—Concord, Manchester, Portsmouth and Nashua—for the purpose of forming a permanent organization. The object of this is to bring together the people engaged in various lines of social work throughout the state for inspiration, information and a better acquaintance with each other. The meeting will be held at 8:30, followed by an informal supper, after which there will be a discussion of plans, an address by Ray Hubbard of Boston, who is associated with Mr. Carstens of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Mr. Hubbard is known to New Hampshire through his work in connection with the survey of the state made at the time the New Hampshire Children's Aid and Protective Society was formed and is also identified with the Monday evening club of Boston, an organization similar to that which it is hoped to successfully establish in this state.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation—weakens the whole system. Dean's Regula (25c per box) act mildly on the liver and bowels. At all drug stores.

DEMOCRATS OF STATE ENDORSE WILSON COURSE

Convention Enthusiastically
Cheers Speakers Who
Predict Victory.

Concord, Sept. 26—With 456 delegates present out of 750 eligible to attend, the Democrats of New Hampshire held their state convention here today in Phoenix hall. It was a lively and enthusiastic gathering, and did its work briskly, adopting a platform, cheering prophecies of victory at the polls, naming a new state committee and selecting its candidates for presidential electors.

For Presidential electors:
Ex-Governor Samuel D. Felker of Rochester.

Jules Parent of Berlin.
Charles G. Barnard of Goffstown.

Major Charles E. Tilton of Tilton presided. The orator of the day was ex-Governor Walsh of Massachusetts, and there were speeches by John C. Hutchins of Stratford, candidate for governor and Gordon Woodbury of Bedford and Raymond D. Stevens of Landaff, candidate for congress.

All eulogized the Wilson administration. Mr. Stevens, in especial, declared the Brandeis appointment the very best ever made to the supreme court and intimatedly praised the course of the administration in the case of the Adamson act.

The platform adopted by the convention endorses the National Democratic platform, the administration of President Wilson and the Adamson eight-hour law.

In state affairs, the platform calls for a constitutional convention to abolish the governor's council, increase the membership of the state senate and establish the initiative and referendum. The submission of an equal suffrage amendment to the people is favored. The liquor law is given endorsement and amendment of the direct primary law so that the voters in the primary may not be forced to declare their party affiliation is called for.

The Boston and Maine railroad situation is thus disposed of: "We believe if there is any reorganization of the railroad system of this state, that the interests of the people of the state of New Hampshire should be first considered."

There was one innovation. It is not uncommon down in Massachusetts for a band to enliven things at the Democratic state meetings, but it was a novelty to have a band here today. The band gave a concert in front of the Eagle hotel from ten to eleven o'clock and played in the hall from time to time in the course of the convention.

The only decorations in the hall were a large portrait of President Wilson with a big American flag on either side, one of which, by the way, was loaned by the Republican state committee.

The convention was called to order at 11:45 o'clock by State Chairman George E. Farrant and the call of the meeting was read by Robert C. Murchie of this city. On motion of Frederick E. Small of Rochester, the list of convention officers arranged last night was adopted and then a committee of five was named to escort the chairman of the convention, Major Tilton to the chair. This committee included J. W. Center of Manchester, Senator Nathaniel E. Martin of this city, Jeremiah J. Doyle of Nashua, Arthur P. Merrill of Freedom and John T. Dodge of Laconia. Major Tilton was given a noisy and thoroughly enthusiastic reception as he went to the chair and his keynote speech which followed at once was most warmly received.

ON THREE-DAY AUTO TRIP.

On Tuesday County Commissioners Norman H. Deane of this city, George

A Distinctive Reason

What is the chief reason for the superiority of Royal Baking Powder?

There are several good reasons, but there is one which distinguishes Royal from other baking powders.

This reason, which every woman should know, is that Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar, which comes from grapes. This means a healthful fruit origin. It means natural food as distinguished from mineral substitutes used in other baking powders.

There is no alum nor phosphate in Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

CHANGE OF ROUTE

A. Carleton of Exeter and William B. Underhill of Chester, with their wives, started on a three-day auto trip to Haverhill, the shire town of Grafton County, where tomorrow the commissioners of the several counties have their annual session at the County Farm.

Owing to the fact that there is sickness on State street, Chief Engineer William F. Woods has decided to omit that street from Thursday's parade of the firemen and the route instead will be Middle, Congress, Pleasant, to Court street.

Read the Want Ads.

NOTICE

The Siegel's Store Co., 57 Market St.,

Will be Closed Thursday and Friday, Sept. 28 and 29.

Will Be Opened Saturday, the 30th,

AT 9 A. M.

With a

FULL STORE OF BARGAINS

In Ready-to-Wear Garments for Women, Misses and Children.

The Siegel Store Co.,

Phone 520.

57 Market Street

The Store of Quality for the People.

WHEN BUYING COAL

Buy Where Get Value For Your Dollar

THE CONSOLIDATION COAL CO.

Phones 38 and 39.

CHAS. W. GRAY, Supt.



"IT'S A GOOD TEST"

one of our patrons told us he had often been complimented upon the trim fit and distinctive appearance

Clothes We Tailor

for him. But, he said, he was surprised to find that he could play a sort of a game and enjoy himself without having them blind or cause a discomfort.

Have you tried Clothes of a Tailor?

71 Daniel St. Tel. 3861
MAX GELMAN
71 Daniel Street. Tel. 3861

COLONIAL THEATRE - THIS WEEK

Mon., Tues., Wed.

F. X. Bushman With Beverly Bayne

'A Million A Minute'
CHARLIE CHAPLIN

In "THE FIREMAN"
HIS FUNNIEST PLAY.

OTHERS!

THURSDAY

WHERE
ARE MY
CHILDREN

PRICES: Matinee 25c, 50c; Evening, 25c, 50c.
Shows at 2.00, 3.30, 7.00, 9.30.

FRIDAY

Now Playing to Capacity in Boston.

Turning Away Thousands From Three Theatres in New York.

Broke All Photoplay Records in Providence.

The Screen Drama Which Has Created More Heated Discussion than any theatrical production for years.

No Children Admitted!

SATURDAY

So much stress, deservedly or undeservedly, has been laid upon the unpleasant features of the wonderful play that it is well to recall that, after all, its moral is THE TRIUMPH OF MOTHER LOVE. The District Attorney's Wife, after her persistent avoidance of the pains and responsibilities of maternity, comes at last to the realization of its great, its holy meaning. That she, on account of her foolish, aye, her criminal acts, was unable to wear the glorious diadem of motherhood, simply emphasizes the worth of that diadem. The happy mother of the eugenic baby; the nee less happy mother of the "olive branches three," with three more calculated upon, are object lessons that cannot be overlooked, and these mothers become the natural objects of envy of the poor rich women to whom maternity is denied.

CHICAGO MAN TELLS OF BLACKMAIL TRAP

Edward R. West, Tea Company Official, Admits
He Was the "A. R. Wesley" Surprised in New
York Hotel With Woman.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Announcing that he had concluded to "accept personal humiliation" to save other men and women from being drawn into the blackmailers' trap, Edward R. West, vice president of the C. D. Gregg Tea & Coffee Company of New York and Chicago, admitted today that he is the "A. R. Wesley" who was surprised in a New York hotel with "Alice Williams" by representatives of the band of blackmailers recently exposed by federal officials. The blackmailers, after bringing West and the woman to Chicago, talked the man out of \$15,000 in return for a promise to keep quiet. "The woman with me was not Alice Williams, but Ruth Goodman, a member of the gang," West said.

This woman is under surveillance in a Chicago hotel pending the outcome of the preliminary hearing of John T. French, George Irwin and "Doc" Brady, on charges of blackmailing West. French is said to be the son of a wealthy St. Louis widow who believed him to be engaged in the haberdashery business.

"The language and manners of this band would deceive anyone," West said. "The woman proposed the trip to me. On May 8 we reached New York and went to the Ansonia Hotel. At an unknown hour three men, armed with federal warrants and badges, forced their way into my room. Ruth Goodman became hysterical. She said she was a convent-bred girl and that her parents would commit suicide over the disgrace. She asked them what she would do to save herself from disgrace, and then the question of money was adroitly broached.

"Before I knew it we were in two staterooms racing back to Chicago. We were kept prisoners three or four days, and then, because the woman had been crying all the time, and appealed to my chivalry to save her, I paid her \$15,000 cash. Several days after Irwin, who represented himself as United States Commissioner Foote, released us. They obtained \$2500 more from me."

Butler Leaves Philadelphia for Trial in New York.
Philadelphia, Sept. 26.—With a "pub-lic be damned" interview, "Dandy Bill" Butler, alleged brains of the international blackmailers, left for New York

today in care of several secret service men to face trial on the charge of blackmailing Mrs. Regina Klippert, the woman who was kidnapped to prevent her from testifying in Chicago.

It was said Butler had agreed to plead guilty in New York and, according to officials, laughingly remarked that he was prepared for a "vacation South"—a six year sentence in Atlanta.

GREENLAND

Dr. Daniel O'Shea has returned to his work at the Catholic University in Washington.

Miss Alice Dame is in Portsmouth for an indefinite time.

Miss Edith Barker is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ellis D. Walden.

Mrs. Perley Cole of Christmas Cove, Me., is the guest of Mrs. Raymond Sturtevant.

Mrs. Luther Jacobs and son Elmer Jacobs have returned to New York City.

The M. E. Sunday school will observe two rally days this year, Oct. 1 and Oct. 8.

George Lord is taking his vacation as rural mail carrier, Thornton N. Weeks is substituting for him.

Miss Alice Seavey of Lynn, Mass., has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Seavey.

BASE BALL

National League
Boston 3-2, Pittsburgh 0-1.
Brooklyn 4, Chicago 1.
New York 6, St. Louis 1.
Philadelphia 3, Cincinnati 2.

Autos registered, motorcycles registered, and now they are going to register hunters in Maine. It may not be long before we will have to cart around a registration number when walking on the streets.

FIVE GERMAN PRISONERS MAKE DARING ESCAPE

Headquarters of the German Army on the Western Front, Sept. 26.—Five German soldiers who fell into the hands of the French in the first days of the battle on the Somme, but escaped after several weeks of captivity and reached the German lines again, have been decorated with the Iron Cross by the emperor. They are Sergeant Klug, Corporal Urschel and Privates Dehn, Hornmann and Schuster.

With sixty comrades the men were captured in a German shelter which had been demolished by French shells. They were left in the smashed shelter under guard for two days without food and finally transported to a camp a few miles behind the French lines.

There an officer ordered them thrown into a large shell crater which had been transformed into an improvised prison.

In this hole they were exposed to the heavy rain and they had to sleep on the wet ground. A kindly French surgeon protested against their treatment and demanded straw for them, but bedding was refused by the officer in command. The French soldiers, who pitted the prisoners, tried to give them blankets, food and tobacco, but were threatened with severe punishment for this by their superiors.

The prisoners almost starved in their miserable hole, as most of the food furnished to them was unfit for consumption. When they complained that soap had been thrown into their soup, a French officer laughingly replied: "That is our medicine for the Boches."

After three weeks of suffering the prisoners, in violation of international law, were sent to the advanced French positions to dig trenches and the five escaped men in an affidavit signed by them swear that an officer of the French engineer corps told them: "We are going to work and starve you until at least two of you die every day."

At their work the prisoners were continually exposed to the German shell fire, which killed several of them and wounded others. One dark night about twenty of the men made a dash for the German lines. They crept out of the trench dug by them and started to run across the field, but their flight was noticed by the French soldiers, who sent a hail of bullets after them.

Twelve of the fugitives were killed, but the remaining eight saved themselves by diving into shell craters, where they had to lay perfectly still for twenty-four hours.

The next night they crept up to the German wire entanglements, but a fusillade from the sentries greeted them and three more were killed before their comrades recognized them. Only Klug, Urschel, Dehn, Hornmann and Schuster reached the German trenches and the two latter were wounded.

The escaped prisoners have nothing but praise for the kindness of the French soldiers and surgeons, but they are very bitter against the enemy officers.

BOSTON LETTER

Boston, Sept. 27.—Boston has reduced its mortality from typhoid fever, according to the monthly bulletin of the Boston health department. Only twelve deaths from this disease have been reported from January to September, the lowest number recorded here since 1886. Last year Boston had the lowest rate of all the large American cities, only 6.1 per cent and the health department expresses the opinion, that if the present rate is maintained, it will reduce the 1915 rate by half, or in other words may have a rate of less than 2.5. The health bulletin says: "This rate will place Boston on a par with the large European cities having low rates, such as London, Berlin, Vienna, Copenhagen, Edinburgh, Christiania, and in the van of all American cities. We have but to look back only a few years to realize the great decrease that has taken place in deaths from typhoid fever in this city. In 1903 there were 158 deaths from this disease; in 1914 there were 65; in 1915 only 49, and thus far this year only 12. During the period between 1895 and 1910 the death rate from typhoid fever was 16.0 in 1914, it was 9.2 last year 6.3, and this year it is hoped that it will not exceed 2.5.

Because of the discontinuance of the direct service between South Africa and Montreal, the British steamer Chesapeake Castle of the Union-Castle line arrived here with \$2,195,330 in gold sovereigns, consigned to the bank of Ottawa. The gold was packed in steel strapped boxes and traveled throughout the 3,000 mile journey from Cape Town to this port under a heavy guard in the vessel's strong room.

"Churches in the Massachusetts diocese have already raised more than \$200,000 towards Bishop Lawrence's \$5,000,000 pension fund for Episcopal

MOST RECENT PHOTOGRAPH OF POPE BENEDICT



This photograph of Pope Benedict was taken while he worked at his desk, Sept. 3, 1916. It is therefore the most recent picture. It shows his anxiety

about the war has not yet turned his hair gray. In fact, his hair remains remarkably black considering his age.

clergyman," was the announcement made by John G. Mhuir speaking before 250 committee members of the Massachusetts Episcopal diocese, Bishop Lawrence who is giving his entire time to the movement of raising the \$5,000,000 fund, said that the total for the entire country is now in excess of \$3,000,000. March 1, 1917, is the date set for the close of the campaign. Bishop Lawrence asserted his confidence that the entire fund would be raised within the stipulated time. He outlined some of the plans for caring for the pension fund. He said it would mean bringing down the rich and poor diocese to a level. It would tend to having a unifying influence in the church and it would also serve to remove that feeling of uneasiness as to the future, now so evident among clergymen.

FIND SKELETON WHILE MOVING OLD BUILDING

COMPLETE SET OF BONES REMOVED FROM GROUND UNDER CELLAR ON PLEASANT STREET YESTERDAY

Workmen, engaged in removing an old house on Pleasant street, for the erection of additions to the garage of Clifford W. Lowd, discovered a human skeleton on Tuesday morning while digging below the surface of the old cellar. The bones were in an almost perfect state of preservation.

The house has been standing for a long number of years and it is believed that the bones must have been the remains of some man buried there during the days of the Revolution, if not earlier.

HARMON BRAND OF SAUSAGE AT ALL STORES THURSDAY, SEPT. 28.

I wish to notify the public that I will place my well known brand of sausage on the Market on Thursday, Sept. 28. They can be had on that date at all first class grocery and meat stores in Portsmouth. The same careful selection and preparation will enter into the making of the sausage. Call for the Harmon brand at all dealers.

John E. Harmon,
390 South St.,
City.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of Mrs. Colista J. Varrell will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the Christian church in Rye.

Try a Want Ad for quick results.

FRUIT GROWERS ANNUAL MEETING HELD NEXT MONTH

TWENTY SECOND SESSION OF STATE SOCIETY TO BE HELD IN KEENE

The Twenty-Second Annual Meeting of the New Hampshire Horticultural Society will be held in Keene, N. H., October 25, 26, 27. This is an annual event looked forward to by progressive fruit growers and farmers of New Hampshire with keen anticipation. The exhibition this year will be bigger and better than ever before. There will be more barrel and box exhibits, more Grange exhibits competing for the State Grange Cup.

The boys' and girls' clubs will also have a fine exhibit. The girls' show canned goods and the boys' vegetables grown by themselves. The State College exhibit will also form part of the big show. There will be lectures every afternoon and evening by eminent authorities on horticulture. In all its branches, and on Wednesday evening will be the annual banquet. We will print the program in full in a few days and strongly advise our readers to be on the lookout for it.

There will be in addition to speakers from our own State College, men from Ohio State University and the Province of Nova Scotia. The Society offers in prizes this year over four hundred dollars in cash and seven silver loving cups for the best display of fruits and vegetables in the various classes. The exhibition and all the meetings are free to everyone who cares to attend. The activities of this society are becoming appreciated by the people more and more each year as shown by the increased attendance. Premium lists and programs may be had free for the asking by writing the Secretary, Stanley K. Lovell, Goffstown, N. H. Every farmer in the state should plan to take his wife and go to Keene on the above date and stay the entire three days. It will be time and money well spent. He will come home rested and refreshed with a new stock of ideas to put to practical use on his own farm. We cannot urge our readers too strongly not to miss this annual opportunity.

The public works board could help make things a little more pleasant for the paraders on Thursday by brushing up the streets a little.

Dr. Harry J. Cronin
DENTIST
Rooms 17 and 18,
N. H. National Bank Building

HOURS: 9 to 12; 2 to 5.
Evenings by appointment.

VIA RAIL & BOAT
DAY-STATE LINE NEW YORK \$280

Staterooms, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00.
Steel Steamships
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily including Sunday, between Providence and Pier 19, East River, N. Y. Improved Service—Tel. Main 1742. City Ticket Office, 114 Washington St., New York.

Mr. Fred Reckendoph
is ready to take parties out evenings and Sundays. Tel. 936R. Careful driving.

BUY Green River Rye

A. O. CASWELL

Sole Distributor of
Green River Rye Whiskey,
controlled by the Holland System, Inc., of Boston.

By the Case or Bottle.

50 Porter St., Portsmouth.

OLYMPIA CAFE

17 Daniel St.
Regular Dinner
25c

Try Our Combination Breakfasts, 6 a. m., to 11 a. m.
Order Cooking at All Hours.
Discount Tickets upon application.

Special Sunday Chicken
Dinner 35c.

Lunches put up to take.
Everything new and sanitary.



A STRANGE THING

It is, that more people do not realize the true economy of having footwear mended by experts. Why suffer needlessly with stiff new shoes that hurt when you can have your comfortable old ones made to look like new and to give you good service for a long time, if you bring them to us for work in shoe repairing?

Give our careful work in this line a fair trial. We get all orders out promptly.

FULIS BROTHERS
157 Congress Street.

7-20-4

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.
Factory output now one million cigars weekly. Largest selling brand of 10c cigars in the world.

FACTORY
MANCHESTER, N. H.

Chas. W. Greene

FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING
Shoes Made to Order, Guaranteed.
A Full Line of Shoe Findings,
Laces, Arches, Polishes, Buttons,
Etc.

270 State St.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Opp. P. O.

SMOKE S. G. LONDRES 10c CIGAR

Has No Equal.
S. GRYZMISH, Manufacturer
Boston, Mass.



Cleansing soiled linen is a business with us. We are skilled and expert and have the right equipment. When you have your laundry cleansed in our establishment you secure the very best work at the lowest cost.
315 Maplewood Ave. Tel. 406V

Home Washing Co.,

LIZZIE M. GROVER, Prop.
315 Maplewood Ave. Tel. 45CW



TO YOUR HEALTH
and to your ever-lasting satisfaction. We toast you in the name of vintage wines and liquors. Our cellars contain the choice goodies that are aged with a view to the smack and ting of perfection. Look over our wine and liquor lists. The prices will be equally satisfactory.

JOSEPH SACCO,

232 Market St.



you should send your family wash to us. It saves time. It saves money. It saves clutter and offensive odors about the house. Our sterilizing process kills all germs and our methods are sanitary and hygienic. A trial will convince you.

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY

COMMERCIAL WHARF.
Tel. 373.
Water Street.

F. O. PIERCE'S Ready-Mixed Paints

Try our Inside White Satin
Gloss, 70c per quart.

W. S. JACKSON,

111 Market St.

A. Thurston Parker

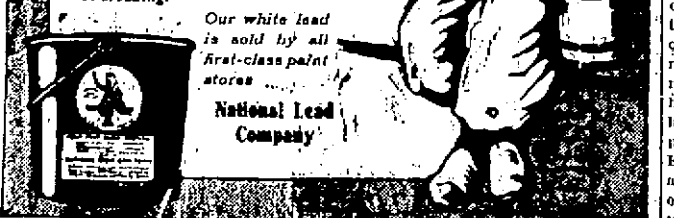
SUCCESSOR TO
OLIVER W. HAM
122 Market St.
Funeral Director and
Licensed Embalmer.
Phone at Office and Residence.
Ledy Assistant provided when required.

Painting Costs Less Now

To postpone needed painting means big repair bills as exposed wood soon rots. Once decay does set in, there is the carpenter as well as the painter to pay. Why not paint now and save the carpenter's bill?

Dutch Boy Red Seal White Lead

and pure linseed oil, tinted to suit or used white, is the paint to use. It anchors into wood pores, dries hard, is elastic enough to shrink and stretch without breaking.



MOTORCYCLES BICYCLES VULCANIZING

C. A. LOWD Service Station AUTO REPAIRING SUPPLIES

Auto Repair Department in charge of Albert H. Brown.
No job too big or too small for our repair department.
None but skilled mechanics employed.

Telephone—Office 252W; Repair Shop 252R
338 Pleasant St. 29 to 45 Wentworth St.

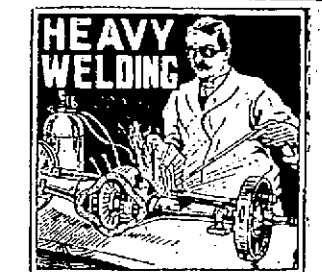
THE COMPANY WITH THE PYRAMID

46 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF PROGRESS

NEW HAMPSHIRE

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

TOTAL LIABILITY EXCEPT CAPITAL \$3,580,000
POLICYHOLDERS SURPLUS \$3,356,944.79



Our welding repairs perfectly broken armature shafts, iron and steel castings, cracked boilers, broken gas and steam cylinders, forgings, shafting of all kinds, cast iron gears, castings, etc., in almost all metals and alloys. Our welding is not brazing—it is the freezing of the broken parts into a strong whole—and all the work is done with competent skill and exacting care. Prompt service, reasonable charges.

G. A. TRAFTON,
200 Market St., Portsmouth.
HORSE SHOEING AND JOBBING.



Are you contemplating the purchase of a monument or tablet? We have the only plant in this section equipped for the manufacture of granite; and we are constantly adding new designs to our stock of

GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS.
Call and See Them.
FRED C. SMALLEY,
CORNER STATE AND WATER STS.
Also Dover, N. H., opp. City Hall.

Insurance
of every description placed by
C. E. TRAFTON
N. H. Bank Building
in strongest and best companies only.

Telephone 598 for
FINEST COLLAR WORK
in New England.
We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and guarantee to "Make Good."
CENTRAL STEAM LAUNDRY
Pleasant Street.

TEL. 1041W FOR
OTTO COKE
AND HIGH GRADE
Anthracite Coal
The People's Coal Co.,
60 Elwyn Ave.,
W. E. HIGGINS, Mgr.
Orders received at Carli & Co.'s office will be given prompt attention.

SUDDEN DEATH OF COL WM. J. HOYT AT MANACHESTER

DIED AS HE WAS ABOUT TO LEAVE RESIDENCE FOR BUSINESS ENGAGEMENT YESTERDAY MORNING.

Manchester, Sept. 26.—Manchester's financial and business circles were profoundly shocked and saddened this forenoon when the intelligence reached them of the sudden death of Col. William J. Hoyt, one of the best known and highly respected citizens of the community. Colonel Hoyt's death took place shortly after 9 o'clock this morning at his home, 1880 Elm street, and was due to apoplexy. His age was 74 years. No premonition of the sudden end was apparent, as the deceased breakfasted as usual and when the fatal stroke came had taken his hat and overcoat preparatory to keeping a down-town business appointment at 9.30. One of the servants of the house found Mr. Hoyt lying dead upon the floor in the front hall. Yesterday afternoon Colonel Hoyt played golf with his niece, Mrs. Robert J. Manning, at the Intervale Country club, and in the forenoon attended a meeting of the directors of the Manchester National bank. To members of his family and intimate friends he has appeared to be in the best of health. Manchester first became acquainted with Colonel Hoyt in 1875, when he and his father, the late John Hoyt, came here from Ohio and purchased the business of the B. F. Martin Paper company. For eleven years the plant was successfully and profitably conducted under the name of John Hoyt & Company, the younger Hoyt being a partner with his father. Later when the company was incorporated, he became its secretary and treasurer. John Hoyt was a native of Concord, this state, where he was born November 10, 1837. After acquiring a common school education he learned the art of paper making and went into business for himself at Peterborough. Afterwards he removed to Ohio and established himself in business in Cleveland and later in Delaware, Ohio. In 1875 he returned to New Hampshire and conducted paper making in this city until 1886. He died in 1891. Colonel Hoyt was born in Delaware, O., April 1, 1842, and was educated in the public schools of his native town. At the age of eighteen years he entered his father's mill to learn the art of manufacturing paper. The following fifteen years he devoted himself to perfecting his knowledge of the business and became one of the most accomplished and skilled paper manufacturers of this country. On February 3, 1876, he wedded Emma H. Cobb of Cleveland, who died January 3, 1897. They had no children. In 1886, failing health due, supposed to be to Bright's disease, Colonel Hoyt retired from active business and by adhering steadfastly to an exacting regime of diet, which he followed to a greater or less extent until his death, he became apparently well and vigorous and to his friends, looked to be the personification of health. His recovery from the critical illness of thirty years ago was due largely to the perfect care he gave to himself and to absolute freedom from business activities. He had traveled abroad extensively, having gone practically around the world several times. To his restoration to health Mrs. Hoyt devoted herself assiduously, and when he recovered illness seized upon her and her death, nineteen years ago, was a personal calamity to which he never became reconciled. Both Colonel Hoyt and his father were quickly recognized, upon their settlement in Manchester, as men of unusual business sagacity, and they early identified themselves with the strong financial institutions of the city. On July 30, 1883, Colonel Hoyt was elected a director of the Manchester National bank, and at the time of his death was the oldest director in point of service upon the board, having served continuously, and duly upon it since the date of his election. Personally, Colonel Hoyt was possessed of a courtly, gracious manner. He was modest and unassuming, and to his friends a most delightful and entertaining companion. The funeral will take place on Friday next at 3.30 p. m. from his late residence at the North End.

Granite State Fire Insurance Company

Of Portsmouth, N. H.

PAID UP CAPITAL
\$200,000

OFFICERS:

Calvin Page, President
Joseph O. Hobbs, Vice President
Alfred F. Howard, Secretary
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Automobile Insurance

Collision and Fire
Best Form of Policy
Issued

John Sise & Co.
3 Market Square
Portsmouth, N. H.

SUGDEN BROS.

WINDOWS AND DOORS
KILN DRIED FLOORING

LIME
CEMENT
LUMBER

3 GREEN STREET

Highest Price

PAID FOR

WOOL

of all kinds including Goat's Wool.

Joseph Noone Sons Co.,
Albert W. Noone, Prop.
PETERBOROUGH, N. H.

THE WONDERFUL NEW LIGHT THAT SAVES EYESIGHT

A new principle of incandescent lighting produces high candle-power illumination, softened and diffused throughout the room. Fits any upright fixture without destroying symmetry. Burns new type mantle; lasts longer, costs less. The new

"C. E-Z" LIGHT

We have arranged to demonstrate these lights in your home, free of cost or obligation and place them on easy payment basis to suit your convenience.

PORTSMOUTH GAS CO.,
ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE.

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TREMONT THEATRE

The final week of "Civilization begins at the Tremont Theatre, Boston, next Monday. This announcement undoubtedly comes as a surprise to the hosts of those who had in prospect attending the mammoth photo spectacle. The management feels this limitation of the engagement most keenly because when they engaged the Tremont Theatre they did so with the firm belief that they would be able to stay as long as they desired. They had the greatest confidence in the drawing powers of the attraction, and the manner in which the public responded indicated that they reckoned well, for there has been a constant succession of crowded houses since the first day. This is nothing more than was expected from New Englanders, for it seems that the drama is that sort that has always appealed to the stable mind, its sterling worth meeting with the heartiest response.

Certainly no attraction in years has caused so much enthusiastic commendation from all sorts and conditions of people because of the universality of appeal of the drama. The subject is alive today, and the most profound of the forcing pronouncement that it will be equally as timely, for years to come. That this pronouncement is not an idle one those who consider the drama of the spectacle will not doubt, for in it there is such a wealth of the most vital of drama that the term, "super-drama," fully applies. Never was there such wonderful photography, and never has there been filmed such a succession of stirring spectacular scenes.

But the conditions of the theatrical field is such that no further prolonging of the engagement could be obtained and the management have to make the best of the opportunities. And because of this all that they can do is to urge those who have in prospect attending the Tremont, to engage their seats as soon as possible. In this regard it is announced that seats are procurable for the entire engagement.

There will be two performances daily at 2.10 and 8.10 p. m.

POLITICAL JOTTINGS

If plans "to get Villa" are abandoned Villa should reciprocate and refrain from organizing expeditions "to get" American citizens.

The fact that Mr. Wilson could endorse this Pork Congress shows that he isn't seaisick, anyway.

Mr. Pinchot also seems of the opinion that God Hates a Quitter.

The man who quotes the Baltimore platform is regarded as a political archeologist.

"He kept the country out of war," but he robbed it of its peace.

Up in Maine they are now rhyming Hughes with Moose. And there is reason as well as rhyme connecting the two words.

"Victory," Mr. Fairbanks told Oklahoma Republicans, "surely will perch on our banner." But Champ Clark tied it up in a heater and more compact bundle when he said: "They licked hell out of us."

Members of President Wilson's cabinet are ready to do anything to re-elect their chief, except resign.

Writes a former Princeton man: "At first we called him 'W. W.' then we made it 'I. W. W.'"

That one term plank in the Democratic platform of 1912—it is more than likely to hold, after all.

When President Wilson called upon the Mexican commissioners at New London he revived old precedents, but did he wave the Stars and Stripes?

A man in Washington has made a bust of the President, thus anticipating Mr. Hughes by several weeks.

Discussing the endorsement by the Democratic convention of Texas of Mr. Wilson's Mexican policy, the Houston Post (Dem.) flatly declares: "It is not believed anything like a majority of the people of Texas endorse our Mexican policy, and those in a position to know seriously doubt that the platform adopted expressed the real sentiments of the convention itself."

The Omaha Bee couples woeful waste with watchful waiting as a Democratic failing.

Boiled down, the best that has been said of President Wilson's Mexican policy was that he had good intentions. We've often heard of a road paved with this kind of material.

The President is deceived if he believes that the history he has written is not more praiseworthy than that which he has made.

President Wilson signed the Philippine bill as moving picture cameras clicked. There is one man who is not afraid to have his mistakes recorded!

Pa Earning the Earth

"Ma."
"Yes, my son."
"Do you believe the meek will inherit the earth?"
"Oh, yes, my boy; the meek will inherit the earth some day."
"Well, Ma, what are you going to do when pa gets it?"—Yonkers Statesman

RIISING OF THE SUN OF RIGHTEOUSNESS

"The Sun of Righteousness Shall Arise With Healing."

Jesus Now the Light of the World Only In Prospect—Sun of Righteousness Not Yet Risen—Jesus' Followers Merely Candles Shining in the Darkness—The World Has Striven to Quench Their Light—Satan's Kingdom of Darkness Now Ruling—Ignorance and Blindness the Result—Are Now in Early Dawn of New Age.



PASTOR RUSSELL

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 24.—Pastor Russell gave a characteristic address before the I. B. S. A. Convention here today. His text was John 8:12: "I am the Light of the world; he that followeth Me shall not walk in darkness, but shall have the light of life." He said in part: The Bible tells us about two great invisible Kingdoms, the Pastor said. One of these is Satan's Kingdom of Darkness; the other is Christ's Kingdom of Light. Everywhere the Scriptures declare that "darkness covers the earth, and gross darkness the people." This condition obtains because Satan is the prince of this Age, "ruling in the hearts of the children of disobedience." Many render him service without realizing that fact. If they knew that they are serving Satan, they would cease to do so. But people have been deceived. No one is serving God who has not entered into a Covenant of Sacrifice with Him through the merit of our Lord Jesus' sacrificial death at Calvary. But Satan's Kingdom is soon to be superseded by the Messianic Kingdom of Light. Then the true Light shall shine world-wide, and all mankind will be blessed with opportunity of attaining human perfection and everlasting life.

When our Lord uttered the words of the text, He was the Man Christ Jesus, the prospective King, the prospective Priest, the prospective Light of the world. Our Lord has not yet enlightened the whole world. During His earthly ministry He put His light on a candlestick, and it is still giving light to all within the Household of Faith. It is not giving light to the world. But the sin, the jealousy, the misunderstanding and the pride of the religious leaders of His day led them to secure His crucifixion; and thus His light was temporarily extinguished.

So has it been with our Lord's true followers all down the Gospel Age. In proportion as they have let shine the light which they have received from Him, in that proportion have they been lights to others. But the darkness still hates the light, and has endeavored to quench it by persecuting the light-bearers. So, numerous are "the children of disobedience" that probably nine-tenths of the human race are under the control of the Prince of Darkness.

Darkness Beginning to Disappear. The Pastor explained that God has not appointed the Adversary to be the ruler of this world, but that Satan is a usurper, taking advantage of human weakness and imperfection, due to the fall of the perfect man Adam, the progenitor of mankind. Meanwhile, God has refrained from restraining Satan, except when the Adversary's schemes might otherwise interfere with Jehovah God's great purposes toward man. Satan's misrule has brought darkness over all the earth. People are deceived. All nations have drunk of the wine provided by the symbolic Woman, who sat upon the symbolic Beast—Revelation 17:1-6.

All have had more or less experience with this stupid condition of spiritual drunkenness. Some of us are now getting awake and sobered up, although the majority, even of professed Christians, are still serving Satan. As we give careful heed to God's Word, and see the terms of service, we realize that very few are serving God, are following in Jesus' footsteps. Whoever would render acceptable service to Him must first become His children through full consecration to Him and the begetting of the Holy Spirit—all to be accomplished through the merit of Jesus.

According to the Scriptures we are now living in the time when the Sun of Righteousness (Malachi 4:2) is about to rise. Nothing can be plainer than the fact that this Sun has not been shining during the past eighteen centuries. When it arises, all other lights will be obscured by its brilliancy, all dark places will be exposed, all hidden things will be brought to light. The Bible gives a beautiful picture of what will take place when the Sun of Righteousness shall have risen. The knowledge of God's glory will then be ocean-deep.—Isa. 11:35; Psalm 72; etc.

That will be the time when the true light will lighten every man that cometh into the world. (John 1:9.) It has not come during the Gospel Age, because this period was set aside in the Divine Plan as the time when the Church was to be selected from amongst Jews and Gentiles. When the Church shall have been completed and glorified, then the Sun of Righteousness will rise; for our Lord and His Church are to constitute this Sun.—Matthew 18:20-28.

Read the Want Ads.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

You Get RESULTS From Them

Just Phone 37 3 Lines 1 Week 40c

GET ONE TODAY AND YOU WILL BE ANYWHERE

WANTED.

WANTED—A tutor in new testament Greek. Address W. M. P., Herald Office. he sep 27, 31

ROOMS WANTED—A married couple would like to rent furnished rooms with all improvements, in a good section of Portsmouth, probably for the winter. Address The Herald Office or phone before 6.30 p. m. 970. he sep 26, 31

WANTED—To rent with view of buying later, separate house of from five to seven rooms; must be in good locality and within city limits. Address, W. L., Herald Office. he sep 25, 31

WANTED—Strong, careful and industrious man of good habits. Don't answer unless willing to work. Marguerite Bros. he, 221, 1w

WANTED—First Class Painters. F. A. Gray & Co. he, 221, 1w

WANTED—Rooms for light house-keeping by man and wife. Private family preferred. Address XYZ this office.

WANTED—One or two local salesmen that are acquainted in Portsmouth and vicinity, experience unnecessary. Good positions for right parties. For particulars, write C. Herald office. he, 1f, \$20.

FURNITURE MOVING—Both local and long distance, with heavy auto truck and handlers of long experience. Prices moderate. The Portsmouth Furniture Co., cor. Deer and Vaughan streets, near B. & M. depot, he sep 26, 31

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

ANY INDUSTRIOUS MAN may devote his time to a good advantage selling low-priced tires. The Cut Rate Tire business is a money maker. 30x3 non-skid casings at \$5.25. Small capital required. Better write me about it. At once. Address E. P. Jones, 1789 Broadway, New York City. oh 1w \$27.

TO LET.

TO LET—Newly furnished rooms with steam heat, bath and electric lights. Apply at 147 Congress street. he sep 25, 1w

TO LET—A large, furnished, front room, excellent neighborhood, modern conveniences. 36 Highland street, near Middle street. he sep 25, 1f

TO LET—Furnished room, gentleman preferred, opposite Sinclair garage. Inquire at 61 Richards avenue. he, \$22, 1f

TO LET—Furnished house in Kittery, corner of Wentworth and Central streets, 8 rooms, all modern improvements. Convenient to navy yard. Inquire of George D. Boulter, Kittery. Telephone 254 W. he sep 25, 1f

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Apply to 111 W. Bird street. he, \$21, 1w

TO LET—Tenement of 7 rooms. Apply at this office. he sep 25, 1f

TO LET—A basement on Carey St., suitable for carpenter, painter or storage purposes; inquire at W. E. Paul's, or tel. 8853M. he sep 25, 1f

TO LET—Tenement of six rooms; rent \$10.00. Apply at this office. he sep 25, 1f

TO LET—Three nice, large offices, well lighted and heated; Herald and Chronicle building. Enquire at this office. he sep 25, 1f

TO LET—Tenement of three rooms, \$8.00. Apply at this office. he sep 25, 1f

ROOMS TO RENT—For light house-keeping; modern improvements. 55 Gates St. he sep 25, 1w

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two-family house of 12 rooms on Hancock street; will sell very cheap. Address 3f, this office. he sep 25, 1f

FOR SALE—A bargain, 1915 5-pass. Paige touring car, model 30, in excellent running condition, fully equipped. Full set of tools. Price \$400 cash. Address C. B. A., this office. he sep 25, 1w

FOR SALE—One Sixty Six Cylinder automobile used as a demonstrator for sale. Apply to F. E. McKone, Portsmouth, N. H. ch 1f \$4.

FOR SALE—Motor cycle, with side car. Apply to G. Henry Thompson, Otis Avenue, Kittery, Me. he sep 25, 1f

FOUND

FOUND—A Bicycle. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. Wm. Downing, 116 Deer St. he, 221, 1w

The Herald prints the news when it is news and not 48 hours to a week old

ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE

FALL SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT SEPT. 5, 1916.

(Subject to Change Without Notice)

Portsmouth Ferry Leaves, Connecting With Cars

FOR ELIOT, DOVER and SOUTH BERWICK—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. Then *10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

*Runs to Rosemary Junction when there are passengers.
FOR KITTERY and KITTERY POINT—6.25, 6.55 a. m. and every hour until 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH, OGUNQUIT, WELLS, KENNEBUNK, TOWN HOUSE, BIDDFORD, KENNEBUNKPORT, CAPE PORPOISE, SANFORD and SPRINGVALE via P. K. & Y. Div.—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. Then *7.55, *8.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

*Does not connect for Biddford, Sanford or Springvale.

*Runs to Ogunquit only.

FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH, OGUNQUIT, WELLS, KENNEBUNK, TOWN HOUSE, BIDDFORD, KENNEBUNKPORT, CAPE PORPOISE, SANFORD and SPRINGVALE via Rosemary—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. Then *7.55, *8.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

*Does not connect for Biddford, Sanford or Springvale.

*Runs to Ogunquit only.

ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY.

CEMETERY LOTS

CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.

With increased facilities the subscribers again are prepared to take charge of and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to their care. They will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries they will do turfing and grading in the city on short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale; also Loans and Turf.

Orders left at residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail with Oliver A. Ham, 54 Market street, will be given prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN & SON

STANTON'S GARAGE

44 Hanover St.

If your Car needs repairs, let me estimate the expense of overhaul.

Quick Service and Reasonable Charges

Personal Supervision of All Work.

A First-Class Service Station.

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350 State St., Portsmouth

OFFICE HOURS

